Haig hails 'new Soviet generation'

WASHINGTON (R) — Secretary of State Alexander Haig said Tuesday the United States should emphasise the benefits of global restraint to the Soviet Union as a new generation of Soviet leaders emerges in Moscow. Mr. Haig's apparent reference to published reports in the West that Soviet President Leonid Brezimev might soon step down because of failing health came in a speech saying the United States faced "an historic opportunity" in dealing with Moscow. "An American approach to the Soviet Union that balances strength and negotiations offers the best hope of significant accomplishment," Mr. Haig told the U.S. Chamber of Commerce. "We can make the Soviets more cautions by our action. And as a new generation of Soviet leaders emerges, we can signal the benefits of greater restraint," Mr. Haig added.



U.S. vice-president to visit China

WASHINGTON (R) - U.S. Vice-President George Bush will visit China early next month at the end of his current five-nation Pacific tour, the White House announced Tuesday. Deputy Press Secretary Larry Speakes said China's objections to the proposed sale of U.S. military spare parts to Taiwan were expected to come up in Mr. Bush's talks in Peking. He said the precise date of the vice-president's visit had not been set hut it probably would take place between May 5 and 9. Mr. Bush, who was head of the former U.S. liaison office in Peking in 1974-75, will be the most senior official of the Reagan administration to have visited China. Asked if Mr. Bush's trip was aimed at paving the way for a visit by President Reagan to China this year, Mr. Speakes said: "I would not read It that way."

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Qaddouri leaves for Tunis seminar

AMMAN (Petra) — Dr. Fakhri Qaddouri, the secretary general of the Arab League Council of Arab Economic Unity, (CAEU), left Amman for Tunisia on Tuesday to attend a five-day seminar scheduled to start on Wednesday. The seminar, held under the title Reality and Aspirations", is organised by the Arah Economic Unity Studies Centre. Dr. Qaddouri explained that the participants in the seminar will discuss issues relating to the Arah League, its state of affairs, its progress and future development in addition to the relation between the Arab League and the specialised organisations.

Lebanon to observe general strike; clashes in Tripoli

BEIRUT (R) — One person was killed Tuesday when fighting erupted between rival armed groups in the northern Lebanese port of Tripoli, security sources said. The sources could not identify the groups or say what started the fighting in which three people were also injured. Last week, 12 people died in Tripoli in clashes which followed the killing of two members of the pro-Iraqi Baath Party by unidentified guamen. In Beirut, Lebanese Muslim leaders called for a general strike Wednesday in protest against the murder Monday night of one of the country's most prominent religions figures. Sheikh Ahmad Assaf, president of a rederation of Islamic associations, was shot dead by unidentified assailants in a street in West Beirut, the predominantly Muslim sector of the divided capital.

Austrian guard 'committed suicide'

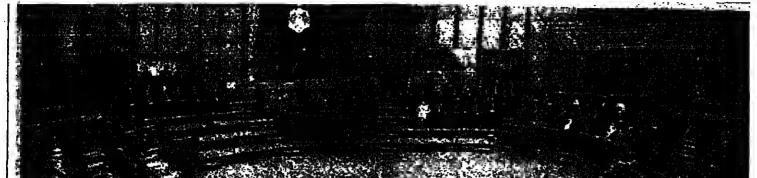
VIENNA (R) - An Austrian police guard who died in a mysterious shooting at the French embassy's commercial section here Monday committed suicide, police said Tuesday. An autopsy of the body of Inspector Peter Sigl, 22, showed he shot himself through the head, police said, ending speculation that the officer had been the victim of an attack. Armed police searched the building and the surrounding area in central Vienna after the guard was discovered dying in a lift, but found no signs of an attacker. The officer belonged to a special police unit assigned to give extra protection to all French premises in Austria after two bomb attacks last week. Police said he killed himself for personal reasons, but gave no further details.

Schmidt meets Hungarian leader

BONN (R) - West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt and Hungarian Communist Party chief Janos Kadar met in Bonn Tuesday for talks expected to focus on current tensions in East-West relations, a Bonn government spokesman safd. Mr. Kadar arrived Monday night on a two-day official visit, the first to the West by a Soviet bloc leader since martial law was declared in Poland; last December.

Council of Europe seats Maltese

STRASBOURG (R) — The Council of Europe assembly, grouping 19 West European democracies, Tuesday overruled formal objections and seated a four-member delegation from the Mediterranean island of Malta. A dispute crupted at the opening of the spring session Monday over scating the Malta members. British Conservative member Anthony Grant tabled a formal objection to the all-Labour delegation. He demanded an explanation of the absence of Maltese Nationalist Party delegates, saying hey won a majority in recent elecions. But the assembly accepted arguments by Maltese delegate .co Brincat that the nationalists were boycotting the assembly and wo seats were left vacant for them. Malta is entitled to six seats in the 155-member assembly, which was set up in 1949 to seek European unity.



His Majesty King Hussein opens the first meeting of the new National Consultative Council Tuesday (Photo by Yousef Al 'Allan)

Begin vows to legitimise settlements on Arab land

TEL AVIV (R) - Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin said Tuesday he hoped to make it illegal for any more Jewish settlements in occupied Arah lands to be dismantled.

Interviewed on army radio, Mr. Begin said the dismantling of Israeli settlements in northern Smai last week, hefore the territory was returned to Egypt, was an exceptional case which would not

He said he had drafted a resolution on the issue for next Sunday's cabinet meeting.

If approved by the cabinet, the resolution calling for the han on further dismantling operations would go to the Knesset (parliament) on Monday for dehate and approved.

"This government does not really need such a resolution since it will not dismantle settlements in Judea and Samaria (the occupied West Bank), the Gaza Strip and Golan Heights," Mr. Begin said. "But we want to give the settlers in the land of Israel a feeling of

Mr. Begin said "vital security considerations" forced Israel to bulldoze the north Smai town of Yamit and 13 neighbouring villages before the peninsula was fully returned to Egyptian rule on Sunday. Mr. Begin said Israel would not remain idle if the Egyptians. violated any of the terms of the 1979 peace treaty with the Zionist

"We have many means of reacting to violations," he said. The prime minister also disclosed that only days before the Sinai handover, he told the United States and Egypt that the withdrawal would be delayed by at least a month unless Cairo corrected alleged treaty violations.

He said Egypt had massed troops in Smai in excess of the permitted number of soldiers, and that Israel had also heen worried by continued smuggling of arms through Smai to the Gaza Strip.

Two wounded in Nablus protests

Meanwhile two people were wounded when Israeli soldiers opened fire on bundreds of Palestinian students, who demonstrated against Israeli occupation measures in the West Bank town of Nablus, military sources said.

The violence broke out in the Casbah quarter, an area of narrow alleys and shops, when secondary school students used slings to hurl stones and other missiles at an Israeli patrol.

The soldiers radioed for help and as reinforcements arrived shots were fired, the sources said.

The students were protesting against the closure of two Nahlus secondary schools. Occupation authorities shut the schools for a week after anti-Israeli demonstrations Monday night.

EEC to revive initiative for peace in Middle East

BRUSSELS (R) — Belgian Foreign Minister Leo Tindemans will visit Kuwait, Saudi Arabia and Egypt later this week on a European Economic Community (EEC) fact-finding mission, well-

informed sources said Tuesday. Mr. Tindemans, current president of the EEC Council of Ministers, leaves for Kuwait on Thursday. His visit to the three. Arah countries is expected to he followed next month by a trip to-

He will report to EEC foreign ministers.

The projected visits raised the prospect that the 10-nation community might be preparing for a new Middle East peace initiative after Israel's handover of Sinai to Egypt on Sunday.

A peace initiative by EEC leaders in June 1980 was stalled last year after Israeli objections to European Attempts to involve the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) in the peace process.

The EEC marked time, fearing that further peace efforts might interfere with Israel's handover of Smai.

But after the transfer, EEC states, some of which are providing units for a multi-national Sinai peacekeeping force, issued a condemnation of Israel's bombing raids on Palestinian targets in Lebanon last week.

U.S. to maintain 'strong' presence in Pacific area

SINGAPORE (R) - U.S. Vice-President George Bush has given a firm assurance that the United States would maintain a strong presence in the Pacific region. "We both believe in the need for the United States to maintain a strong and steady influence in the

Pacific region," he said. Mr. Bush, in Singapore on a three-day official visit as part of a regional tour, was speaking at a dinner Tuesday after Singapore Prime Minister Lee Kuan Yew called on the U.S. not to overlook

The vice-president, the highest ranking Reagan administration official to visit the region, said the U.S. had no desire to dominate but "only to be a good and faith-

its strategic interests in Southeast

ful friend and a dependable ally." He said that Singapore and its partners in the Association of

(ASEAN) played a stabilising role against the "threat posed in the region by Soviet-backed Vie-

Mr. Lee said President Reagan's resolve to restore American strength and influence had given heart to America's

He said the Soviet Union, through Vietnam, and China were involved in a long-term struggle for influence in the region.

"An adverse outcome of this struggle will have grave consequences for ASEAN and for Japan. And Japan's security is of key importance to the U.S.," Mr. Lee said.

He also urged the U.S. to be more sympathetic in its economic policies towards the ASEAN countries-Malaysia, Indonesia, the Philippines, Thailand and South East Asian Nations Singapore.

OAS pledges support for Buenos Aires...

WASHINGTON (R) - Latin American foteign ministers warmly supported Argentina in the Falklands dispute Tuesday hut Brazil and Peru circulated a draft resolution on the crisis that fell short of Argentina's demands.

The document, expected to be formally presented later at the meeting of the Organisation of American States (OAS) here, calls on both Britain and Argentina to abstain from actinn that would endanger peace and security and to establish a ceasefire.

But it does not echo Argentina's demand, repeated by Foreign Minister Nicanor Costa Mendez on Monday, that the British fleet pull out of the South Atlantic and return home.

The draft also expressed hope that U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig would continue his peace mission, which is stalled after Britain's announcement that it had recaptured South Georgia Island. A speech by Mr. Haig at the OAS was also coldly received.

Mr. Haig in effect accused na of starting the crisis Security Council had demanded not only an end to hostilities but tions.

withdrawal of Argentine troops from the disputed islands.

Mr. Haig's speech was received in a frosty silence, in contrast to the standing ovation accorded to Mr. Costa Mendez earlier. The secretary of state, who has

travelled more than 50,000 kilometres by air between London and Buenos Aires, also said he was redoubling his peace efforts.

But Argentine embassy officials said Tuesday Buenos Aires had rejected an offer by Mr. Haig to fly to Argentina to continue his mediation efforts. State Department spokesman Dean Fischer declined to comment.

Esteban Takacs, Argentina's ambassador to the United States, said in a television interview Tuesday: "There is no way to come to the table while (military) actions are going on and Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher wants blood."

But he would not say Mr. Haig's peace mission was over.

Mr. Takacs said the main purpose of invoking the 1947 Rio treaty to call the special meeting of pointing out that "first, there bas Western bemisphere foreign been use of force by an American ministers had been to obtain Latin state" and that the United Nations American solidarity against Britain, rather than to win sanc-

...as Thatcher comes under fire in London

LONDON (R) - Prime Minister ernment and endorsed the use of Margaret Thatcher clashed with the opposition in parliament Tuesday amid mounting suspicinns that Britain's naval task force was about to attack the Falkland Islands.

Opposition Labour Party leader Michael Foot demanded that she beed an appeal from United Nations Secretary-General Javier Perez de Cuellar not to escalate

In an angry exchange, Mr. Foot called on her to send Foreign Secretary Francis Pym to New York to discuss the crisis with the U.N.

But the prime minister, who had earlier attended a meeting of her war cahinet, bluntly refused amid opposition cries of "warmonger."

She said it would not achieve anything and that the mediation effort by U.S. Secretary of State Alexander Haig was still going on.

The clash signified the first cracks in the unity of parliament hehind Mrs. Thatcher's Falklands strategy of backing diplomacy with military muscle.

Party had supported the gov-

force to reclaim South Georgia. Mr. Foot and other Labour members of parliament made clear from their questioning of Mrs. Thatcher that they suspected

the task force was now poised to attack the Falklands. The opposition leader implored her not to take any further military action, but the prime minister repeated that time was running out for a peaceful solution and said: "If you refuse to take any

soldiers and sailors in jeopardy." However she reaffirmed that her government was still determined to find a negotiated settlement.

further military action whatsoever

you would be putting many of our

The London Times reported Tuesday that an advance party of British commandos had already slipped ashore on the Falklands to scout landing sites for a large force. The London Standard newspaper carried a similar report quoting American intelligence officials.

The defence ministry initially Until Tuesday, the Labour denied The Times report, but later changed to no comment.

Hussein addresses new NCC session

King calls for Egypt's return to Arab World

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein on Tuesday praised Egypt's past "sacrifices... in the defence of Arab rights" and called for Egypt to rejoin Arab ranks in the hid to regain the Israeli occupied Arah territories.

He also blasted "some Arabs." who, in their support of Iran in the Gulf war, are devoid of ethics and the fear of accounting for his-

Addressing the opening cere-mony of the 75-member National Consultative Council (NCC), the King congratulated the Egyptian "people, army and president" on the return of the "entire liberated" Sinai Peninsula after 15 vears of Israeli occupation.

Egypt has had a "bright, bonourable record of sacrifices for (the cause of) maintaining the (Arah) Nation's identity and pro-

tecting its rights and aspirations."

One of the degrest aspirations of the Arabs, including Jordanians, is to see the Arah Nation. including Egypt, resume its unified march to restore the entire occupied Arab territories, first and foremost Jerusalem, 10 Arab hands," he added.

King Hussein, who renewed his allout support for Islamic and international efforts to end the 19-month-old Gulf war between Iran and Iraq, said it was "painful" to see "some Arabs, who have defied their nation by siding with Iran and supporting it with money and arms without being deterred by ethics or the fear of accounting

for history." The King told the two-year council, the country's third since the suspension of parliamentary

vote in 1974 proclaiming the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) the sole. legitimate representative of the Palestinian people, that the "allout national revolt" in the occupied Arah territories would continue "as long as

Israeli occupation there con-

Recent events in the occupied territories constitute the "most dangerous chapter in the history of the Palestinian issues, wherein the Israeli occupatinn authorities are racing with time and events to establish a status quo after which they will surprise the Arabs, the Muslims and the entire world by annexing the West Bank and Gaza." he said.

The Arabs in Western Asia, he

(Continued on page 3)

the Occupied Territories Affairs

Committee, the Social and Edu-

cational Committee, the Agricul-

tural Committee, the Economic

Committee, the Foreign Affairs

Committee and the Services and

Utilities Committee were then

The committees will meet

AMMAN (Petra) — New NCC (National Consultative Council) Speaker Suleiman Arar pledged Tuesday to carry out the council's work with responsibility and honesty and to protect the constitutional process and demo-

Presiding over the first meeting of the third session of the NCC. attended by several cabinet members, Mr. Arar tbanked His Majesty King Hussein for his confidence in the council.

Mr. Arar said "the experiment of the last four years of the NCC makes Jordan proud of the values it has entrenched and the achievements it has accomplished.

He said the NCC has strengthened the spirit of democracy and participated in shouldering responsibility efficiently and effectively. It has also conveyed in honesty the feelings and ideas of the people as well as their hopes and aspirations, he added. A committee was elected

King's speech at the opening of the new session earlier Tuesday. Kamal Al Dajani was elected first deputy speaker of the NCC and Abdul Ra'ouf Al Rawabdeh second deputy speaker. The members of the NCC

Committee, the Legal Committee,

Tuesday to draft the reply to the Wednesday and Thursday to elect chairman and rapporteurs for The NCC will meet on Sunday

elected.

to discuss the draft reply to the King's speech in preparation for sending it to the King. The NCC Financial and Administrative will also hold its ordinary session on Monday.

Iraqi leader criticises U.S., Soviets

KUWAIT (R) - Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, said in an interview published Tuesday he doubted whether the United States and the Soviet Union wanted the Iraq-Iran war to end.

"The Soviet Union and the United States declare they desire the war to stop, but declarations are one thing and intentions another. Do they really wish the war to end? I cannot give a definite answer," President Hussein told a group of Kuwaiti newspaper editors in Baghdad.

He said Washington and Mos

cow could have influenced the outcome of the war had they wanted the 19-month-old conflict to end.

In the interview, published in several Kuwaiti newspapers, the Iraqi leader said that Iraq was now huying weapons from Egypt directly instead of through third

Syria's decision this month to shut pipelines carrying Iraqi crude oil across its territory to the Mediterranean coast was like sending 10 divisions to Iran, he added.

The president criticised Arab silence over the Syrian action and said: "The Arabs could have prevented the war from dragging on had they backed Iraq from the start.

"If the Iranians continue the war we shall fight on even if rivers of blood flow.

Reagan urges new effort in Palestinian 'autonomy'

WASHINGTON (Agencies) -President Reagan has urged a new effort to establish autonomy for residents of the occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip as a "vital next step" in the Middle East peace process.

Addressing the 70th anniversary meeting of the U.S. Chamber Commerce on Monday in Washington, the president pledged to support that effort and to continue the search for peace in the Middle East through the Camp David process.

Mr. Reagan praised Egypt and Israel for the successful completion of another phase of the Egyptian-Israeli peace treaty, the return to Egypt of the last segment of the Smai Peninsula. Israel returned the final third of the territory Sunday.

Noting the U.S. commitment to the peaceful resolution of conflict. the president pointed out that world peace and Washington's national interest "continue to be threatened by regional conflicts." He specified the Middle East and the British-Argentine dispute

Mr. Reagan termed the Israeli action in the Sinai "an expression of... faith in a more peaceful future and a triumph of peaceful diplomacy with few historic parallels. The vision of Israel and Egypt sets an example for all nations to fol-

Turning to the deadlocked discussions on providing limited self-rule for inhabitants of Israeli-occupied territory on the West Bank and Gaza Strip, the president pledged that his administration "will continue to pursue peace within the Camp David framework through renewed efforts to complete an agreement on autonomy for the Palestinians of the West Bank and

Iran blasts W.German police

BONN (R) - Iran has accused West German police of savagery after bloody clashes between supporters and opponents of Iranian leader Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini in the city of Mainz last weekend. Some West German par-

liamentarians have suggested that the Iranian embassy organised the attacks on anti-Khomeini dissidents which sparked the fighting. but the Bonn foreign ministry rejected the charges.

Tehran Radio, monitored by Reuters, broadcast a statement by Iran's parliamentary foreign affairs committee, condemning police's savage attack on Iranian Muslim students.

Eight policemen and 28 Iranians were injured on Saturday when 200 Khomeini supporters, brought in buses from all over West Germany, attacked Iranian dissidents at Mainz University campus with knives, clubs and knuckle-dusters, witnesses said.

Free Democrat (FDP) deputy Olaf Feldmann, a member of the foreign relations committee, said the circumstances suggested "official or semi-official Iranian circles" were involved.

BRIDGE TOURNAMENT

The Jordan Bridge Association announces its first bridge festival to be held at the Commodore Hotel from April 28 to May 1.

Players from Jordan, Cyprus, Greece, Lebanon and Kuwait will be participating.

The tournament is sponsored by Datsun-Nissan, Bridgestone Tyres, Max Factor, Al Sharkiyoun, Jordan Tobacco & Cigarette Co., The A.U.B. Alumni

For registration and further information, please contact Mr. Awwad Haddad, Tel. 65617, during

Saudi calls on U.N. to expel Israel

UNITED NATIONS (Agencies) Saudi Arabia has strongly called for the expulsion of Israel from the United Nations General Assembly, condemning the Zionist state for its aggressive policies in the occupied Arab lands.

In an emergency session of the assembly on Palestine Monday, Saudi Amhassador Gaffar Allagany told delegates Israel's U.N. membership should be suspended and military and economic sanctions applied.

He said that unlimited support given to Israel by certain countries, and the incapacity of the Security Council due to the United States veto, were the greatest factors contributing to the current situation.

"The time has come when

Israel's membership should be

economic measures should be taken to prevent it from causing the destruction of world peace and possibly of mankind as a whole." "The only driving force leading

and their faith that they are above all international laws." Sweden strongly opposed any move to exclude Israel the world body, saying such an expulsion

the Israelis is their blind fanaticim

would harm the U.N. Swedish Ambassador Anders Thunborg welcomed Israel's withdrawal from Sinai, completed on Sunday, and congratulated Israel and Egypt on having established normal and friendly rela-

But he hold the special session. which was resumed last week after suspended and military and a recess of nearly two years, that

other problems remained to be Mr. Thunborg also condemned

Israel's "massive violation" of the ceasefire in southern Lehanon and said Sweden also registered grave concern at the recent disturbing developments in the occupied Arab territories and deplored the dismissal by Israel of elected municipal officials on the occupied West Bank.

The Swedish amhassador also said that "no progress seems to have made in the central issue of the conflict, namely the future of the Palestinian people and of the remaining occupied territories."

He said "a final peace settlement car, only he reached in negotiations between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation

MATIONAL

Jordan's present 5-year plan

reflects_confidence_in progress

By Farouk Kasrawi

1976-1980 GRÓWTH RATE PERCENTAGES

7.0

26.2

4.0

8.5

11.5

Jordan enters the decade of the eighties confident that its average annual rate of economic growth shall well exceed that which was achieved during the last five years. An evaluation of the per-formance of the 1976-1980 fiveyear plan indicates that most of its oojectives have been realised. The Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in real terms increased at an average annual rate of 9.6 per cent, not too far below the target figure of 11.9 per cent set by the plan. A lag in industrial performance, due to a less than expected growth in phosphate production, was a primary factor in holding the GDP down. Slated to hit 7 million tons in 1980, phosphates totalled instead 3.9 million tons for that" year. The delay in starting up the

pected element. The volume of investment, on the other hand, showed a healthy rise to JD 843,7 million (in 1975) prices), or JD 78.7 million more than had been projected. Consequently, the ratio of investment to the Gross National Product:

Agriculture

Construction

GDP (at factor cost)

Services

GNP

Industry

phosphate-related production of

fertilisers was also another unex-

(GNP) rose from 25 per cent in 1975 to 33 per cent in 1980. Sixty-four per cent of this investment total came from the private sector, far exceeding the 50 per cent portion originally called for under the plan.

A concentration on services continued to charaterise Jordan's economy and represented 61.2 per cent of the GDP in 1980. Since the early sixties, however, development planners have consistently sought to induce a structural shift in the economy towards increasing the productive sector's contribution to the GDP.

The new five-year plan for economic and social development of 1981-1985 is aimed at augmenting the growth momentum to a higher GDP level. The needed structural change in the economy is expected to he achieved through a strengthening of the commodity-producing sectors, such as agriculture, industry and mining, with a special emphasis on export-oriented

At the core of Jordan's economic philosophy is the belief

REALIZED

13,6

13,1

6.6

9.6

in a free enterprise system. gen-
erated hy the creativity and
entrepreneurship of the Jordanian
individual. The experience of the
last few decades has reinforced
belief in this fundamental
approach and has demonstrated
the increasing capacity of the
economy to absorb higher levels
of investment commensurate with
a targeted growth rate and the
plan objectives.
P

In broad aggregate terms, the new plan calls for increasing GDP by 64 per cent during 1981-85, which would be equivalent to an annual real growth rate of 10.4 per cent. It is estimated that a JD 2.8 billion volume of investment, to be shared equally between the private and public sectors, will be required. More than half of this investment outlay is allocated to the commodity-producing sectors and to tourism; and it is expected that the contribution of these sectors to GDP will increase from 38.8 per cent in 1980 to 44.8 per cent in 1985.

In qualitative terms, the plan aims at reducing individual and regional disparities in income distribution that are commonly associated with rapid development, so that the basic needs of the people in services, housing, public health, education and communications are met.

The plan also concentrates on the provision of adequate manpower to implement development. Vocational and technical training programs will he expanded, the participation of women in the labour force will be actively encouraged, and productivity on all levels will be fostered. Priorities have been accorded to agriculture, water resources and energy development -- areas of potential significance in a healthy development of the economy, since Jordan's water resources are limited and all of its oil is imported.

ALLOCATION OF INVESTMENT BY SECTORS		
SECTOR	INVESTMENT IN J.D. MILLIONS	PERCENTAGE OF TOTAL
Agriculture	180	6.4
Industry and Mining	615	22.0
Electricity	153	* 5.5
Irrigation and Water	475 .	17.0
Tourism	71	2.5
	1494	. 53.4
Services	1306	46.6
Total	2800	100.0

To achieve the desired structural shift towards the productive sectors, the plan strategy calls for:

Transformation of phosphate and potash production to include industrialisation of raw materials and their chemical by-products;

Expansion of existing industries by increasing the sum of their value added, with special emphasis on those with the greatest forward and backward lin-

-Promotion of export industriesand encouragement of existing ones towards exports;

 Expansion of agricultural production, vertically and horizontally, in irrigated and dryland

Transformation and modemisation of the construction sector to enable it to undertake major projects in Jordan and the region. The balance of merchandise trade in Jordan's international

transactions has constantly shown a relatively large deficit. All development plans have sought to reduce and cover this deficit through export promotion, reductions in the growth rate of imports. increased earnings from tourism and attracting capital inflows. During the years 1976-80, the current account deficit increased from JD 118.4 million in 1975 to JD 328 million in 1980, hut its ratio to GNP declined from 35 per cent to 33 per cent. On the other hand, the halance of payments during these years recorded a total surplus of JD 448 million, thus increasing the country's foreign reserve assets and strengthening the position of the dinar.

Jordan's ability to attract relatively large receipts in aid, loans and factor income from abroad (in the form of remittances from Jordanians working in other countries) has enabled the financing of an increasing volume of imports and has helped offset the trade deficit. The new five-year plan aims to further reduce the ratio of the current account deficit to GNP from 33 per cent in 1980 to 26 per cent in 1985. This reduction is expected to be achieved through the expansion and diversification of exports, increased Jordanian remittances from abroad and greater revenues from tourism. It projects an average annual growth rate of exports and imports of 19.8 per cent and 11.9 per cent respec-

In relation to the capital account, the plan assumes the continuation of Arab aid and a positive response from international financial institutions, Arab development funds and from Arab and other countries in extending development loans.

With proper and harmonious fiscal and monetary policies as essentials in the successful implementation of any economic plan, special emphasis is placed on achieving the right hlend of these policies conducive to development needs. Specifically, the plan requires fiscal policy to concentrate on:

-- Increasing domestic savings and mobilising them into productive investment;

- Promotion and encouragement of export-oriented industries;

- Encouragement of Arab and foreign investment; - Distribution of the incidence of

taxation in an equitable manner; - Increased reliance by the government on domestic revenues to finance its recurrent expenditures;

- Improved efficiency of the public sector. Quantitatively, the plan aims at:

ley. Allocations for investment in agriculture during the five-year plan (1981-1986) will amount to 6.4 per cent (or JD 180) of the total investments in all sectors during that period.

New construction is an indi-

cation of Jordan's expand-

ing economy. Above is the

new Housing Bank building

which is expected to be com-

pleted towards the end of

this year; while the King

Talal Dam (right) helps

boost agricultural pro-

duction in the Jordan Val-

-- Increasing governmental domestic revenues by 20 per cent per annum; Controlling the rate of growth of government current expenditures to 12.5 per cent during

-- Increasing governmental capital expenditures to reach an annual average of 45 per cent of total expenditures;

1981-83 and 10 per cent there-

- Securing outside loans on easy terms and domestic loans through the sale of development bonds; - The gradual phasing out of subsidies on fuel and basic food sta-

- Increasing local government domestic revenues by 25 per cent annually, and controlling the rate of growth of expenditures.

Monetary policy is viewed as playing a central role in combating inflationary pressures, and in mobilising domestic and foreign resoruces and channelling them into investment. The plan urges monetary policy to pursue:

- The preservation of relative price stability and the maintenance of a money supply commensurate with real growth in

GDP, in addition to the intensification of efforts to change the components of money supply in favour of bank deposits;

including secondary ones; - Encouragement of medium and long-term deposits and

lending to production sectors; - Revitalisation of commercial bank operations to expand banking's role in savings and investments and in lending to rural

credit institutions. of banks and financial

continued to grow. The value of

five new commercial and two new investment banks.

- Further development of the financial and capital markets,

further expansion of long-term

and small borrowers; - Strengthening of specialised

It should be noted that the financial sector had witnessed considerable growth and diversification during recent years and has been able to attract sizeable Arab investment into the capital mediaries.

The Amman Financial Market shares traded increased from JD 18.8 million in 1979 to JD 41.4 million in 1980. New credit institutions have been established, such as the Pension Fund and the Social Security Fund, as well as-

The policy adopted by the Central Bank is aimed at the preservation of monetary stability, the exchange value of the dinar, the encouragement of long-term deposits and the flow of credit to productive ventures. The Bank further encourages local banks to participate in and manage syndicated loans to new industrial ventures; such loans totalled JD 43 million between 1978 and

1980. Deposits in commercial and housing banks increased fivefold between 1975 and 1980, of which long-term deposits constituted 64.4 per cent in 1980. Credit extended by banks and specialised credit institutions quadrupled during the same period, with an increasing share going to pro-

duction sectors and construction. A well-developed financial sector, especially in financial intermediation, is essential for an efficient allocation of capital and the channelling of savings into investments. Though Jordan has achieved significant strides in this respect, the plan underscores the importance of continued development of this sector and suggests specific policies and measures to this effect.

The performance of the economy during 1980 is an encouraging sign of its future growth path. Real GDP rose by 10 per cent during the year, with all sectors experiencing high growth rates - especially agriculture, which rose by 34 per cent. The inflation rate fell by three percentage points. Remittances from Jordanians working ahroad reached JD 237 million in 1980, resulting in an increase of 27 per cent over 1979 in net receipt of remittances. The economy achieved a record balance of payments surplus of JD 110 million. Government spending rose by 3 per cent only. These indicators reflect a robust, strong and expanding economy and strengthen confidence in the success of the new five year plan.

Mr. Kasrawi, a Jordanian caree diplomat, served for the last four years as economic counsellor with the Jordan embassy in Washing ton. His article is reprinted from Jordan magazine.

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- 3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typeset by the Jordan Times.
- 4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only he assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at least two days before the reqnired day of publication.

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that the lordan Times office or to an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads by mail on the following conditions:

- 5. For the minimum price of JD 7.500, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The JD 7.500 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 15, three insertions cost JD 22.500 etc.
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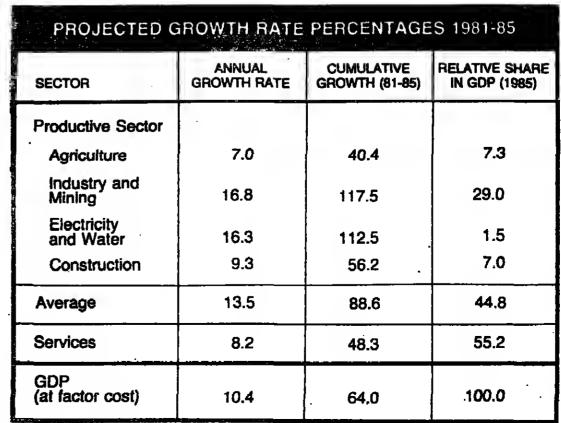
Advertising Department The Jordan Times, P.O.Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

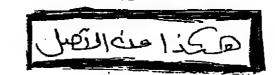
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Please publish the above advertisement in the Jordan Times on day (s). Enclosed is

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Her Majesty Queen Noor listens to a speech by a dentist at the Queen's reception to honour women dentists Tuesday. (Petra photo)

Queen honours women dentists

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor gave a reception at Basman Palace on Tuesday afternoon in honour of the women dentists participating in the third international conference and the

12th conference of the Arah federation of dentists, currently being held in Amman.

Queen Noor welcomed the guests and said she was proud that this specialised conference is being held in Jordan. She added this shows Jordan's interest in science and its sure desire to benefit from everything that is new in the fields of advanced sciences to achieve progress and prosperity for the Jordanian people and for

Queen Noor also praised the hamanitarian role played by women dentists in serving man-

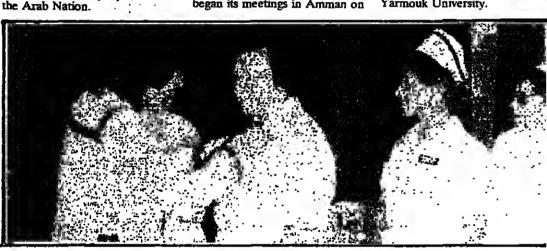
Several guest speakers thanked Queen Noor for her interest in the conference and that of His Majesty King Hussein. The reception was attended by Social Development Minister In am Al Mufu, Mrs. Badran wife of the prime minister, the wife of Chief of the Royal Conrt Mrs. Lawzi, and a number of guests.

Meanwhile, the permanent bureau of the Arab Federation of Dentists reviewed in its meetings on Tuesday afternoon the reports of the committees of the 12th conference of the federation, which began its meetings in Amman on

In light of the reports of the committees, the bureau prepared the final recommendations and resolutions to be submitted to the federation's general assembly meeting which will be held on Wednesday evening.

The participants in the morning session heard several lectures on the relationship between skin and mouth diseases and other topics.

The deans and professors of the dentistry schools participating in the conference visited the Yarmouk University and discussed with University President Adnan Badran and possibility of establishing a school of dentistry at the Yarmouk University.



Princess Basma decorates one of the long serving nurses at the Day of the Nurse ceremony held no

Princess Basma stresses need for more nurses on Day of the Nurse

AMMAN (Petra) - Her Highness Princess Basma hailed Jordanian girls who have joined the nursing profession, thereby responding to the call of duty in serving one of the noblest pro-

In a ceremony held Tuesday at the Palace of Culture in the Hussem Youth City on the occasion of the Day of the Nurses, Princess Basmah said Jordan has now an increasing demand for health services as a result of the rise in living standards and the spread of bealth awareness among citizens. She said there is, however, an acute shortage of nurses in Jordan, which is a common phenomenon in the developing countries.

Princess Basma called for con-

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

AMMAN (Petra) - The education council meton Tuesday even-

ing under Education Minister and President of the Council Sa'id

Tal. The council discussed the broadlines of the proposed scholas-

tic plan for secondary education referred to it by the committee

entrusted with preparing the plan. A working paper containing a

summary of the proposed scholastic plan for the first, second and

third secondary classes was submitted to the council by the com-

Cooperative society plans improvements

AMMAN (Petra) - The general assembly of the Jordanian Cooperative Society for the production and marketing of eggs will

hold a meeting on Thursday to discuss ways of improving the

society's production and developing the methods of its work. The society director, the director of the Agricultural Credit Cor-

poration and the under secretaries of the ministries of industry and trade, agriculture, and supply will attend the meeting.

Mu'tah University seeks American help

AMMAN (Petra) - Assistant President of Mu'tab University Ali

cational agreements with these universities, according to which Mu'tah University students would be sent to American uni-

versities to earn their doctorates and joint scientific research

would be conducted as well as the exchange of expertise, pro-

ANKARA (Petrà) — Dr. Walid Al Sa'di presented on Tuesday his credensials as Jordan's ambassador to Turkey to Turkish Pres-

Ambassador presents credentials

fessors and students.

ident Kenan Evren.

Minister discusses higher education

centrating in educational and information plans on encouraging this positive trend so that Jordan could achieve self-sufficiency in this field.

Concluding her speech. Princess Basma praised the constructive efforts made by the Ministry of Health, the Royal Medical Corps. the University of Jordan, and the Association of Jordanian Nurses to raise the standard of the nursing profession.

Health Ministry Under Secretary Suleiman Al Subhi also made a speech saying that Jordan is still suffering from a shortage in the number of qualified nurses. since qualified nurses in Jordan do not number more than 953 and midwives no more than 239.

President of the association of Jordanian nurses Fatimah Khalaf also made a speech hailing the role of nurses in the occupied Arab territories, and said their role there is effective and significant. Other speakers also praised the nursing profession and its importance in the life of community.

At the end of the ceremony. Princess Basma distributed awards to the nurses who spent more than 20 years in the profession as well as golden and silver medals to the excelling nursing graduates for 1980.

The ceremony was attended by Mrs. Mudar Badran, high-ranking officials of the health ministry, and several people employed in the nursing sector.

Scouts draw up plan for 82/83

MADABA (Petra) - Scout supervisors from all parts of Jordan held a meeting at Madaba First Secondary School on Tuesday.

The 30 male and female supervisors participating in the meeting discussed a number of issues which included preparing a study for holding a seminar in July and drawing up a comprehensive plan for the years 1982 and 1983.

U.J. alumni plan a study of Wadi Mousa living conditions

WADI MOUȘA (Petra) - A University of Jordan Alumni Club special team will begin on Wednesday a survey of the medical, economic, social and organisational conditions in Wadi Mousa,

Dr. Duraid Mahasneh, the president of the club, explained that during the four-day survey 10 doctors, graduates from the University of Jordan, will prepare a comprehensive study about contagious diseases, nutrition, child growth and other health problems. These doctors will also deliver lectures on health awareness. He added that 10 engineers will draw up an organisational design for Wadi Mousa, study the conditions of existing buildings and provide the municipal council with free consultations.

Dr. Mahasneh said that in the economic and social conditions, a study will be made about the situation of the individual's in the region. He pointed out that this survey is part of the club's plan to develop and serve the local community, adding that the result of this survey, and others to follow, will be submitted to government specialised departments.

Bridge tournament starts today

AMMAN (J.T.) - Bridge players in Jordan will have a chance this week to bring their talents out of the intimacy of their living rooms into an open international competition at the Commodore Hotel, where the Amman Bridge Festival will be held. Organised by the Jordan Bridge Association, the games will be

controlled by a professional journament director from Greece. The festival will start Wednesday with the first session of games for open pairs starting at 4:30 and preceded by registration for all participants in this category. The second session for open pairs will

take place on Friday at 6 p.m. Players participating as teams will have to register at the hotel on Friday morning before the first session of games for their category, which starts at 11:30 a.m. The second session for teams will be held on the following day at 5:30 p.m.

The association expects a turnout of around 80 players who will include a Cypriot group and probably another from Kuwait. The Lehanese group which was expected to join apologised in the last minute due to political developments there,

The Association was established a year ago with the aim of participating in international bridge tournament. "There are probably over 1000 bridge players in the country and

the number and interest is continuously growing." said Dr. Efteem Azar, who is a member of the board of the association and an avid player himself. "Many play just for the fun of it, at home as a social event, but some are more serious and so like to play in tournaments," he said.

Rotary Club conference starts in Amman Thursday

AMMAN (J.T.) — The 46th Annual Conference for District 245 Rotary International will take place in Jordan this year between April 29 and May 2 under the slogan "World Understanding through

The main opening will be held at the Palace of Culture, Hussein Youth City under the patronage of His Majesty King Hussein. The conference will be attended by 600 members and guests from 37 Rotary clubs of "District 245", which includes the countries of Bahrain, Cyprus, Egypt, Jordan, Lehanon and Sudan.

The day-long working sessions will review a number of issues including "the fields of service in local societies, international relations, levels of vocational service and the clubs responsibilities towards the profession and society" according to a Rotary Club spokesman in Amman.

Mr. Raouf Abu Jaher, a Rotarian for 22 years and foundermember of the two Rotary clubs in Amman, told the Jordan Times that "each club is encouraged and expected to execute one community service project." He gave as example the contributions of the Amman Rotary Club which was founded in 1956, This club donated a mobile operational ambulance to the Red Cross one year, \$64,000 in medication against tunerculosis another year and furnished a children's library in another, while social centres are being established by both the Amman Rotary Club and the recently established Amman-Philadelphia Rotary Club.

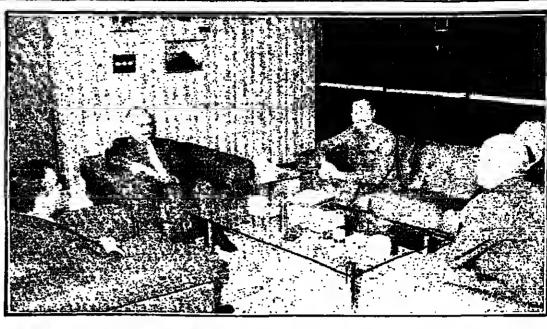
ART REVIEW

Ramadan's portraits depict human deprivation, anguish

By Meg Abn Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN -- The work of Jaweid Ramadan, now on show in his first solo exhibition as the Jordan Artists Association Gallery in Jabal Luweibdeh, ranges from small, carefully drawn portraits in pencil to oils depicting human deprivation and anguish. Nestling in between are still life studies where sextures and shading are rendered with an interesting striped precision. Although Ramadan studied painting at the Centre for Music and Fine Arts here in Amman and Educational

Art in Cairo, it is clear that he is still learning. His emerging style, that of figurative political comment is one, which if it is to succeed, needs a high degree of technical virtuosity. While it is a good sign that Ramadan should receive encouragement, it would have perhaps been better if he had waited until he had reached that standard, which would give his work a more subtle potency before exhibiting alone. The exhibition runs until May 3.



King Hussein during the visit he paid Tuesday to army headquarters. Also present are Crown Prince Hassan (left), Commander-in-Chief Sharif Zaid

(centre), Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi, and Prime Minister Mudar Badran (near right).

King visits army headquarters

AMMAN (Petra) - His Majesty King Hussein. Supreme Commander of the Jordanian Armed Forces, visited on Tuesday afternoon the Armed Forces headquarters. He was accompanied by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Prime Minister and Defence Minister Mudar Badran, and

Chief of the Hashemite Royal Court Ahmad Al

The King was received upon arrival by the commander-in-chief, the chief of staff, and several high-ranking officers, with whom he discussed lopics of interest to the armed forces.

Hussein calls for Egypt's return

(Continued from page 1)

said, are passing through the 'most intricate, grave state" caused by Israel's "challenge and occupation" in the west and Iran's 'challenge and aggression" in the

The King said peace in the Middle East cannot be established without "restoring Arab rights, recovering Palestinian and other occupied Arah territories and granting the Palestinian people the right to self-determination, including its right to establish its own independent state."

In obstructing efforts to achieve a just and lasting peace in the region. Israel is "undermining the legal and international justification for its establishment under the United Nations partition resolution of 1947." he

King Hussein said the Gulf war can be ended by a "just settlement establishes a new beginning for honest relations that are based on good neighbourliness, mutual respect and compatibility between Iraq and the Arab states of the Gulf on the one hand and Iran on the other."

He said the NCC is a "new phase in our democratic experiment which is always moving ahead." "I am happy to see this group of compatriots (new NCC" members) receiving Jordan's Arab hanner from the previous NCC, confident in the future and believing in the mission of our country-the mission of the Great Arah Revolt."

The King said Jordanians pin great hopes on the NCC, because of "the great responsibility it is shouldering, and hecause the NCC confirms the country's commitment to the wise democratic process."

The King recalled in his speech that he had warned the previous NCC against the "currents of dismemberment and division which are blowing at our Arab World."

"Two years after that, we can see that the evil of these currents is aggravating while our enemy is still occupying all of Palestine and other cherished parts of the Arab lands, taking advantage of the atmosphere of sedition to

late his repressive measures in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip and the Golan Heights." He said the "humiliation dis-

implement his designs and to esca-

memberment and differences dominating the Arab Nation are emharrassing those who want to befriend us and providing the Arab Nation's enemies with the opportunity to continue humiliat-

The King said that Jordan's stand against the Israelisponsored West Bank Village Leagues stems from "our sure eagerness to maintain the unity of our kinsmen in the occupied West Bank, to support their steadfastness, and to bridge every gap of difference or discrimination among them" because under occupation, the inhabitants of the cities, villages, rural areas, merchants, farmers, workers, students, employees, men and women are tighting for their freedom, for protecting their holy places. homes, lands and rights.

The King said "each day proves the soundness of Jordan's policy and the significance of Jordan's stand in confronting the Zionist

challenge."
the King said the previous NCC made a significant effort in evaluating the results of the fivevear development plan. It also participated responsibly in approving the broadlines of the second five-year. "Foremost of what is required of all of us, whether citizens or officials in this connection, is to insist on achieving the goals of the social and economic development plan with the aim of building the country. ensuring its strength and food security, particularly in the field of developing agriculture and animal

The King said. "We must make further efforts to give our citizens the hest training, experience, efficiency and good performance. to make manpower planning, and to place every person in the right position.

He said, "we should also dis-tribute the fruits of development" to all the country and to all the citizens whether they are in the cities, villages, or desert.

King Hussein said that the foremost duties of the state is to "deepen the faith of citizens and institutions in the spirit of justice, the sovereignty and the prevelance of law and order, in order to protect the lives and property of the citizens. We should also pay more attention to the civil service and consolidate the values of honesty and efficiency among its ranks in shouldering the trust and serving the community. The King asserted that the tasks

awaiting the new NCC members are great and important and expressed confidence that the new NCC is capable of continuing the march of progress and construction and asserting the role of the young people in renewal and advancement for the better. He said h is "our duty to raise our children according to genuine Arab values and according to the values of love of the homeland and the nation so that they can live as loyal citizens proud of their affiliation with their nation."

King Hussein bailed the achievements of the previous NCC as "a shining example of cooperation among the NCC, the government and the people, and "we are always eager to provide such atmosphere and to make it a firm tradition and a pledge by every citizen and official."

The opening ceremony was attended by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Speaker of the NCC Suleiman Arar, speaker of the Upper House of Parliament Bahjai Al Talhouni, former prime ministers, ministers, senators, former ministers, heads of departments, heads of municipal and rural councils, high-ranking civilian and military officials, Muslim and Christian clergymen, dignitaries and tribal chieftians. The ceremony was also attended by the members of the Arab and foreign diplomatic corps in Amman and several Arab and foreign newsmen.

King Hussein's motorcade arrived at the NCC premises at about 11.00 a.m. together with His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. Prime Minister Mudar Badran, and Chief of the Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi. The King was received by NCC

Speaker Suleiman Arar, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid. and Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces Lt.-Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker. At the arrival of the King the national anthem was played and he was greeted by a 21-gun salute. The King then reviewed the bonour guard, after which he headed for the NCC hall.

Today's weather

The weather will be fair in general with a gradual rise in temperature. Wind will be northwesterly moderate. Agaba will have northerly moderate winds and calm sea.

	Overnight low	Daytime bigh
Amman	7	20
Aqaba	17	30
Deserts	g	26
Jordan Valley	17	30

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 16, Aqaha 27. Humidity readings: Amman 62 per cent, Aqaha 35 per cent.

FOR RENT

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The Editor The Jordan Times **Jordan Press Foundation** University Rd., P.O. Box 6710 Amman - Jordan

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Muhafzeh left Amman on Tuesday for a three-day official visit to the United States. During the visit, Dr. Muhafzeh will tour several Carnet de Voyages, colour photos by Emmanuel Jarry, at the American universities to get acquainted with their educational French Cultural Centre. systems. He will also discuss the possibility of concluding edn-

Photos of Bedouins, hy Sahar Serkh, opens 5:30 p.m. at The Holiday Inn Hotel.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

Paintings by Juweid Ramadan, at the Department of Culture and Arts Gallery, Jabal Luweibdeh, opposite French Cultural

Trajectory 80: Spanish paintings at the Jordan National Gallery.

Bridge

* First bridge tournament sponsored by the Jordan Bridge Association, at the Commodore Hotel, Wednesday April 28 till Saturday May 1. For information, contact Awwad Haddad at 65617 during working hours.

Jordan Times Responsible Editor: Board of Directors: JUMA'A HAMMAD MIHAMMAD AMAD RAJA ELISSA MOHAMMAD AMAD BAMI G. KHOURI MAHMOUD AL KAYED Advertising Manager MAZ H. SHUKAYR FERNANDO FRANCIS inicident adversing offices, OWNAN PRESS FOUNDATION. Read, P.O. Box 6710, Ammen, Jordan A PAC ALL PAC Cables: JORTHUS, Austria, Tonda To the state of th

Ball in our court

EGYPTIAN President Hosni Mubarak strikes us as a man of dignity, poise, honour and self-respect. Since taking over from the late President Sadat, he has indicated that his regional policies will aim at restoring a measure of normalcy with the rest of the Arab states while not endangering the gains of the separate peace treaty with Israel. Now that the Sinai has been returned to Egypt, and peace with Israel has been consummated, everyone's attention seems to have turned to the question of future Egyptian-Arab relations.

We remain impressed by the personal sincerity and resoluteness of President Mubarak's statements about the need for Palestinian rights to be fully achieved. He seems more willing than his predecessor to take a principled stand on the Palestine issue and stick with it. But we are still unconvinced that the realism and forcefuliness of Mr. Mubarak alone can have any effect on an Israeli state that is living and making war on the hasis of unlimited American support. Our suspicion is that the Israelis do not take Egypt too seriously, now that the peace between them has been sealed, and that the Americans will not want to do anything to upset a growing military relationship between Cairo and Washington. Therefore we are anxious to see if Egypt can have any influence on Israel and the USA in terms of making peace with the Palestinians, while the prospects for restored Egyptian influence in the Arah World are slim given the reality of normal Egyptian-Israeli diplomatic ties. What we have now is an Egyptian nation and president with enormous dignity and self-satisfaction, but questionable power to influence events in the region. The hall remains in the Arabs' court, not in Egypt's.

Mounting Christian protests against Israeli persecution of Palestinians

The following statement was issued by Dr. Frank Maria, Chairman of the Ecumenical Affairs Committee of the National Association

The National Association of Arab Americans is a Washingtonbased organization addressing issues of social and political concern to the two-three million Americans of Arab ancestry.

Frank Maria, a native of Lowell, Massachusetts, and resident of Warner. New Hampshire, has long been involved on a volunteer basis in humanitarian and educational activity with respect to the objectives of justice and peace, especially in the Middle East. From 1968 to 1981, he served as Chairman of the Department of Near East and Arab Refugee Affairs for the Antiochian Orthodox Christian Archidiocese of North America and from 1970 until today he has represented the Archidiocese on the Governing Board of the National Council of Churches, the Middle East Committee and the Inter-foith Committee. Since 1979, he has also served as a member of NCC's Executive Committee. The Antiochian Archidiocese traces its religious heritage back to the time of Christ and to the Apostles Peter and Paul. In its memberships are American citizens of Lebanese, Syrian, Palestinian, Jordanian and other Arab ances-

By Paul A. Fisher

military.

the Lord."

Romans; today it is the Israeli

lBethlehem, hillside nearly

2,000 years ago and

announced the birth of "Christ

Facts indicate that Christians

and Muslims living in Palestine

apparently are being sys-

tematically deprived of their

homeland with the assistance

and cooperation of the United

Last November, for exam-

ple, NC News Service reported

that Fr. Ibrahim Ayad. a

Lebanese priest of the Latin-

Rite Patriarchate of Jerusalem

told a Chicago luncheon group

that the Israelis have a "sys-

tematic plan" to remove Chris-

charged that the holy shrines

are in danger, and that one

constantly sees graffiti on the

walls of convents, monasteries,

and churches, telling Christians

to go away.
"The Via Dolorosa — the

Way of the Cross which Christ

followed on His way to Calvary

has been changed", the

Another source know-

ledgeable of conditions in the

Holy Land told the Wanderer

that Christians visiting

Jerusalem are unable to find

Christian tourist guides, and

are virtually forced to rely on

Israeli guides to explain the

Beirut-based priest said.

Continuing, Fr. Ayad

tianity from Jerusalem.

States government.

As the Christian world has just experienced the holy season of Easter, it is shocking and disturbing that Christian and Muslim children are being gunned down by the Israeli militairy in the land where Jesus was born, worked and was crucified.

Ever since the creation of the Jewish state of Israel at the. expense of the land, homes, and even the lives of the indigenous Christian and Muslim people of Palestine, systematic aggression and oppression of Arab Christians and Muslims has been taking place in Israel and the Israeli occupied Arab Territories.

It is ironic that America, which is largely a Christian nation and which publicly deplores violations of human rights and international law. makes this tyranny possible by its massive military and financial support of the Jewish state of Israel. This un-Christian policy toward the Holy Land, the place where Jesus sacrificed his life on the cross to set all men free, must be challenged by the American churches.

At this time the American churches must stand by the weak and oppressed people of Palestine to stop the Israeli military's systematic eradication of the Christian presence in the Holy Land. In Jesus' time the oppressors and the occupiers were the expressly asked not to be identified because he aiready had lost good Jewish friends for relating facts about the Holy Dramatic change in population

hackground of Christian events

and holy places. This person

There is little doubt that the indigenous Arabs in Palestine. Christian and Muslim, have been replaced by an enormous wave of immigrant Jews from various parts of the world, who came in response to Zionist efforts to reclaim Palestine after having been scattered throughout the world for 19 centuries.

Evidence of the dramatic transformation of Palestine is set forth in the authorised Israeli government travel guide, Facts about Israel.

The book notes that the Emperor Hadrian "interrupted Jewish sovereignty over Palstine in the year 135. and that it was not restored for 19 centuries, when the modern state of Israel was proclaimed.

This official government publication states that there were only 70 Jews in Jerusalem by the end of the Middle Ages, and just 1,200 by the end of the 17th century.

However, following the growth of the Zionist movement in the late 1800s the population of Palestine in 1919 was: Jews, 58,000; Muslims. 568,000: and Christians 74,000.

Twenty-eight years later, in 1947, there was a significant change in these figures. The population at that time was: Jews. 614,000; Muslims, 1.091.000; and Christians.

Now. 33 years later, these figures have been dramatically reversed Today in Palestine the population is. Jews, 3.230,000; Muslims, 570,000; and Christians, 70,000. Of the latter group, approximately 35,000 are Catholics.

Why the change? Martin Haley, a member of the Order of the Holy Sepul-

chre of Jerusalem, indicated the reasons in an address before the order at a luncheon in New York in 1976. Speaking of the decimation of the Christian population in that region, he suggested that these people left because they "cannot eat... cannot work... cannot learn... (and) cannot live fully."

U.N. report on Palestine

Direct evidence of why the Palestinian people are finding it difficult to live fully in their homeland is set forth in a 115page publication of the United Nations General Assembly which was released on Oct. 26th but has received little publicity. The document is a Report by the Special Committee to Investigate Israeli Practices Affecting the Human Rights of the Population of the Occupied Territories. It is the 13th such report made by that committee since 1970, and covers the period from July 25th, 1980 to August 31st, 1981.

The report catalogs a series of human rights violations inflicted upon the Chrisitan and Muslim Palestinian population by the Israeli occupying forces. It is based upon information "that has not been contradicted by the government of Israel or that is commonly considered as reliable by that govemmenr.

In a covering letter to former U.N. Secretary General Kurt Waldheim, Ousmane Goundiam of Senegal, chairman of the special committee, wrote:

"The situation of human rights in the occupied territories bas not changed from previous years. The information given in this report shows that the government of Israel, the occuyping power, continues to follow a policy of annexation of these territories. Settlements continue to be established and others continue to be expanded; the number of Jewish settlers in these territories continues to increase. On the other hand, the eivilian

populationis subjected to a constant repression which takes various forms...

The report noted the negative attitude of the government of Israel toward the special U.N. committee, and observed that the Israeli representative to the United Nations made no response to a letter from the U.N.'s undersecretary for Political and General Assembly Affairs which asked for the Israeli response to the charges made in the document.

How Israelis acquire land

According to the report, the Israelis take land from Muslims and Christians by declaring certain lands as 'state lands,' declaring certain areas closed "for security reasons," and outright confiscation.

The U.N. document cites a number of incidents which resulted in many houses being sealed or demolished by Israeli authorities. Page 46 of the report records the following incident:

The premises of a small firm on the Jenin-Haifa road were demolished by the Israeli authorities; a fine of \$25,000 was levied on the owner to cover the expense of bulldozing. The reason for the demolition was, according to the authorities, the absence of a building permit. In all 32 houses, 14 in Ramallah and 18 in Nablus, were demolished for

the same reason. This account is followed by another case in which the owners of some property were threatened with demolition by the Israeli authorities. However, the destructive act was held in abeyance at the insistence of a lawyer pending resolution by court action. But, the report states, two weeks before the scheduled court hearing on the case, the first two demolitions took place,

Indeed, this record shows that between 1967 and 1980. 1,259 houses were demolished hy Israeli government authorities,

In this regard, the U.N. document cites a plan published by the Jewish Agency Settlement Department which called for the establishments each year between 1980-1985 in order to absorb 150,000 settlers by the end of the period.

Commenting on the situation facing Muslim and Christian Palestinians, the U.N. report asserts that there is an iron fist policy vis-a-vis

Continuing, the report declares: "The special committee has noted in the past that the government of Israel continues to persist in folwing a policy, both directly and through the action of Israeli settlers, of extreme provocation of the civilian population and of severe repression of any reaction by civilians to this provocation."

The U.S. government has done little or nothing to remedy this situation. Moreover, the Wanderer has learned that no leverage is being applied to congressmen, senators, or the President to Land.

help Christians in the Holy

Church's constant concern

The Church has constantly been concerned about the situation in Palestine and particularly Jerusalem. In 1919. Pope Benedict XV expressed concern about the Holy Places and of the possible uprooting of the Christian community.

In a statement to President Jimmy Carter in June, 1980, Pope John Paul II said the question of Jerusalem is pivotal to a just peace in the Middle East. At the same time he urged that just attention be given to the issues affecting Lebanon and the whole Palestimian problem.

Six years earlier, on March 25th, 1974, Pope Paul VI issued an Apostolic Exhorration concerning The Church in rhe Holy Land, known as Nobis in Animo, in which he said there is a mysterious relationship between Palestine Jesus Christ. Peter, his successors, and Rome.

Historic Christian tie

This Middle East area, the Pope said, has become the spiritual heritage of the Christians of the whole world.

Turning specifically to the Christians who live in Palestine, the Pope said: "These brothers and sisters of ours. who live where Jesus lived and who, in the vicinity of the Holy Places, are the successors of the very first church which gave rise to all the other churches, enjoy precions merits in the sight of God. In a unique way they share daily in the sufferings of Christ, and live up to their name as Christians by the testimony of a lively faith, open-hearted love and genuine poverty, in accordance with the

spirit of the Gospel." At that point he pointedly noted the relationship of these Christians to the Holy Places tbemselves. His Holiness declared: "Were their presence to cease, the shrines would be without the warmth of this living witness, and the Christian Holy Places of Jerusalem and the Holy Land would become like museums. We have already had occasionto express openly our anxiety at the decreasing numbers of Christians in the ancient regions that were the cradle of our Faith.

Geography of salvation

Then the Pope made a point to relate the history of salvation to the geography of salvation. The Holy Places, he said, "possess the invaluable quality of providing faith with an indi patable support, enabling the Christian to come into direct contact with the setting in which 'the Word became flesh and dwelt among us'."

In this connection, it might be noted that if, as Fr. Ayad charges, the holy shrines are in danger, and the Via Dolorosa has been changed, then this geography of salvation, about which the Pope speaks, is threatened.

Mubarak's message

AL RA'I: A correct reading of Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak's speech at the Egyptian parliament on Monday can only be completed by considering the speech delivered by Dr. Sofi Ahu Taleh, the speaker of the Egyptian parliament, as an explanation of the president's speech. In vic important elements emerge. Dr. Abu Taleh stressed that real peace will not be established unless Jerusalem, the West Bank. Gaza and the Golan Heights are liberated. President Muharak's speech stressed that the Palestinian issue is the crux of the Middle East crisis and that Egypt will not abandon its Arah mle. The speech explained that no solution will be imposed on the Palestinian people. Egypt will not relinquish one inch of its lands in Taha and that Egypt is ready to seek a reconciliation between Iraq and Iran because it considers this war a threat to the safety of Arabian Gulf states.

Thus we find in the speech of the Egyptian parliament speaker an explanation of what President Hosni Mubarak meant by comprehensive peace and Egypt's Arab role. What President Mubarak said about mediating between Iraq and Iran and the

ARAB PRESS COMMENTARY

safety of Arab states stresses Egypt's readiness to assume its Arab

President Mubarak's speech means that Egypt is extending its bands to the Arabs. As a matter of fact, the speech was a message addressed to the Arabs. This message deserves to be considered and studied.

Positive tendencies

AL DUSTOUR: Although it is still premature to pass judgement on Egypt's stand and its future policy, President Hosni Mubarak's speech revealed some positive indicators which eliminated some people's doubts about certain Egyptia concessions at the expense of the Palestinian people and their national rights.

President Mubarak, clearly and frankly, stressed that Egypt does not represent the Palestinian people and that it does not enjoy the right to negotiate on behalf of the Palestinian people. This gives one relief and indicates that the "autonomy" talks, to

be resumed after some days, will not lead to any results. Egypt adheres to the understanding that autonomy will bring the Palestinians closer to achieve their legitimate national rights, and that it applies to land and citizens. This stand completely contradicts the Israeli concept of autonomy which aims at annexing the land, with regarding the Arahs as an alien minority.

President Muharak said the Palestinian issue is the key to any solution, which, in turn, must be accomlished within the framework of international legitimacy. This is reassuring because international legitimacy as we understand it means the application of United Nations Resolution 242. It is also reassuring to hear President Muharak pointing out that establishing settlements on Palestinian territories will only increase the tension. This is a proof that Egypt opposes the Israeli policy of settlements and rejects the concept of regional expansion and annexation of lands.

But these positive tendencies will be meaningless unless Egypt presses the United States and convinces it of the need to work for the establishment of a comprehensive peace in the region, outside the framework of the Camp David agreements, and of the need to press Israel to change it policy of expansion and to respond to the international will in accordance with Resolution 242.

JORDAN TELEVISION

CHANNEL 3

6:35	Children's Programme
Development	Programme on
8:30	Arabic Series
	Cultural Symposium News in Arabic
CHANNEL 6	News W AJZDK

6:00	French Programme
7:00	News in French
7:30	News in Hebrew
8:00	News in Arabic
8-30	Astronauts
9:18	Diamonds in the Sky
	News in English
	Dallas

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

7:00	Sign on
7:01	Morning Show
7:38	News Bulletin
7:40	
10:00	News Headlines
10:03	Morning Show
10:03	Minute Theatre
11:00	
12-00	News Headlines
12:03	Poo Session
13:00	. News Summary
13:03	Pop Session
14:00	
14:10	
14:30	
15:00	
16:00	
16:93	Instrumentals
16:36	
17:00	historyperine Music
17:30	
18:00	
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18:30 News Des	Sury Time
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News Reports

19:10

Evening Show .. Evening Show News Headlines

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

VOICE OF AMERICA

by phone before the arrival or depar of the flight.

ARRIVALS:	
6:30	Karachi (PLA)
&·00	Cairo (EA)
å:55	Aqaba
9:00	Lamaca (CY)
9:00	Cairo
9:40	Cairo Dhabran
9:45	
9:50	Muscet, Dubai
	Beirul
10:15	Abu Dhabi
14:50	. Bucharest (Tarren)
15:30	Kuwait (KAC)
15:30	Jeddah (Sandia)
16:45	Bangkok
17:00	
17:30	Caim (EA)
17:45	Copenhagen, Athens
18:05	Park (AF)
18:15	Zwich (SR
19-15	Frankfort (LH
	Beiru
61-00	Baghdad
01-00	Cairo
02-00	Bashdad
ATAA MINIMININA	
DEPARTURES:	
3:00	Cairo
5:25	Frankfurt (LH)

03:00 Daybreak 04:00 The Breakfast Show: 15:00 News roundup: reports, opinion, analyses 15:30 VO A opinion, analyses 15:30 VO A Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters 16:00 Special English News 16:15 Feature: Space and Man 16:30 Now Music USA 17:00 News Roundup: reports. opinion. analyses. 17:30 Oateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature: Space and Man. 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports. opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz] 21:00 VOA World Report

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the lordan Times by the Alia information department at Amman Airpon, Tel. 92:205-6. They should always be verified

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Karachi (PLA)	Anna
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Abu Dhabi	Abm
Bucharest (Tarom)	
Kuwait (KAC)	PHA
Jeddah (Sandia)	Amm
Banekok	Al A
Cairo	Jabai
Cairo (EA)	Wadi
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Frankfurt (LH)	2000

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7:00	Beirut (MEA)
	Athens, Amsterdam
1:00	Vienna, New York
1:30	Cairo
11:50 Ath	ens, Copenhagen (SK)
	London
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17:20	Jeddah
18:30	
19:00	Kuwaii
	Kuwait (Swissair)
19:15	Dhahrar
19:30	Jeddal
19:30	Cuiro
19:45	Bahrain, Doh
20:15	Baghdac
	Jubai, Ras Al Khaimai
22-06	Raghda

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Abmad 3ashtawi
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Al Ghazzawi
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Al Urdon 23050
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University of Jordan Library 843555
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every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Painer Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Interrontinental Hotel, 1.30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday lnn, 1:30 p.m.

MUSEUMS Annuan. Opening bours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760 Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old hems such as costumes.

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Military Museum: Collection of military toeroorabilia during from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Amman. Opening bours 9 a.m. 4 p.m., Sunday to Closed on Saturdays. Tel. Volkiere Messeum: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre,

order Archeological Museum: Has an Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the autiquities of Jordan, Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official holidays t0.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays.

Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and

artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Mun-

UAE dirban

Omani riyal U.S. dollar ...

U.K. sterling

tazah, Jabal Luwelbdeh, Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays.

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.... 346/348 . 614/617.9

.. 145.6/146.5 . 176.4/177.5 55.8/56.1

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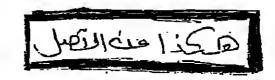
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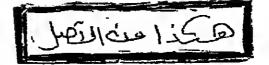
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(for every 100)

PRICES MARKET

		DIOMA DOMES
Tomatoes	150	Apples (Golden) 260
Eggplant (small)230	180	Apples (Double Red)
Potatoes (imported)	160	Apples (Starken) 260
Marrow (small) 150	120	Lemons 170
Marrow (large)	80	Oranges (Shamouni)
Cocumber (small)	250	Oranges (Valencia) 160
Cocumber (large)	150	Cauliflowers (white)
Hot Green Pepper 600	500	Carrot
Sweet Pepper	400	Tunips
Cabbage 100	70	Beet
Onious (dry)	80	Lettuce (a head)
Green onions100	80	Radish
Spinsch	80	Sage
Cocontit (piece)	280	Chard
Bears	400	Paraley100
Bananas	200	Grapefruit
Bananas (Mukammar)	180	Apples (American)
Peas240	180	Apples (Japanese)
Gartic 480	400	Apples (African) 450
Green Almoods per 1/2 pounds 400	300	Grape leaves 560
Potatoes (local)	160	Water Mellow (Molikbiyah) 600





AMF elects new president

KUWAIT (R) — United Arab Emirates (UAE) Planning Minister Said Gbobasb Tuesday became the second president of the Ahu Dhabi-hased Arah Monetary Fund after Iraq withdrew its candidate for the post at the last minute.

Mr. Ghobash, a 36-year-old former UAE ambassador to Lebanon and the United States. succeeds Jawad Hashim, the fund's Iraqi founder-president. for a five-year term, the fund announced after its annual meetmg here.

Iraq had put forward a former finance minister, Mr. Amin Abdul Karim, as a successor to Mr. Hashim but informed sources said a sizeable majority of the fund's members backed Mr. Ghobash.

Iraqi Finance Minister Tamer Razzouki announced at Tuesday's meeting that his government was withdrawing Mr. Abdul Karim, who delegates said was a relatively unknown candidate. Some also were concerned that two consecutive Iraqi presidents set a bad

The fund, which began operations in 1977, is the Arab world's equivalent of the Washingtonhased International Monetary Fund and exists mainly to help Arab countries with balance of payments difficulties.

Authorised and paid-up capital is 263 million Arah accounting dinars (\$1.1 billion) and it has 21 member states, although Egypt has technically been suspended for signing the 1979 peace treaty with Israel.

The fund's governors, who are the financce ministers of its member countries, also decided Tuesday to ask Arab central bank governors to undertake a new study of possible ways to increase

A major project under study is a clearing system for payments between member countries to pass through a central system, perhaps

at the fund's headquarters. A spokesman for the central bank governors said Tuesday that they would consider this plus

Tanker owners say scrap supertankers

OSLO (R) - Independent tanker owners called Tuesday for more supertankers to be scrapped to improve the health of the market and the standards of safety at sea.

Intertanko, the International Association of Independent Tanker Owners, said in a statement that a fleet of nine million tonnes deadweight should to be sold for scrap hy the end of this month.

It said oil companies should scrap more obsolete tankers to improve safety at sea, and they should avoid selling older vessels to speculative

buyers for trading. Up to a third of the world supertanker fleet, or about 120 million tonnes deadweight, has been lying idle during the world oil glut.

Bonn urges EEC to end argument on farm prices

LUXEMBOURG (R) — West Germany Tuesday urged its European Economic Community (EEC) partners to end a longstanding argument about money and unblock annual price increases for the community's

eight million farmers.

proposals for a special Arab cur-

rency, direct trade financing

facilities from the fund and direct

swaps of funds between central

The fund, normally very low-

key, shot into the headlines in

1979 when it said it would stop all

financial dealings with Canada if

Ottawa moved its embassy to

Jerusalem from Tel Aviv. Canada

later dropped the idea.

At a meeting of EEC foreign ministers here. West Germany's Hans-Dietrich Genscher pressed his colleagues to reach a speedy settlement on Britain's demands for refunds on its community membership hill.

The community has other

West German minister as saying. We must drop the link that Britain has established between its hudget refund demands and EEC farm prices."

Tuesday's hudget negotiations. the first for more than a month, began with private talks between British Foreign Secretary Francis Pym and the Belgian Foreign Minister Leo Tindemans, who is chairing the talks.

Farmers maintain that they are being unfairly penalised. Higher milk, beef, mutton and lamb prices should have come into effect from the start of this month and the delay has cost farmers around \$350 million in lost

During their talks Tuesday, officials said, the ministers were also due to discuss the Falkland Islands crisis, the Middle East and other international political

Mr. Pym, attending his first formal EEC ministerial council since becoming foreign secretary earlier this month, was expected to seek continuing support from the community for Britain's strong line against Argentina over its seizure of the Falkland Islands.

ADB raises \$3.2b for lending

Development Bank (ADB) Tuesday achieved its target of raising \$3.2 hillion in new contributions to its fund for lending to the poorest countries in the Asia-Pacific region.

After an unexpectedly lengthy meeting here of the 17 donor countries to the Asian Development Fund (ADF) stretching over

two days, ADB President Masao Fujioka announced that the match other extra contributions revised target bad been reached.

Faced with a refusal by the United States to increase its original offer of \$520 million, the bank made up a shortfall of \$260 million by getting extra contributions from 10 countries. led

dollar for dollar, but informed sources said some of the delay in

reaching the target stemmed from France's reluctance to commit more funds without strings and from efforts to obtain more money from other West European mem-

Instant homes for the homeless

INVERNESS, Scotland — Friendly business ties between a Scotish plastics firm and an African country have led to the development of a new plastic house kit which could set the scene for taunching mass house building programmes worldwide to ease the plight of countless millions of homeless people.

Hambleside Manufacturing, of Dalcross Industrial Estate, Inverness, has created an all-plastic ready-to-build house kit which is the first of its kind to be manufactured entirely automatically -thus cutting the cost by nearly 50 per cent.

And it's because of its cheapness and the simplicity of assembling .. it takes two semi-skilled men only two days to construct - that the firm is certain it will be a huge success in Third World countries.

"Our company has had trading connections with Nigeria for many years." says factory manager Ken Peacock, "and three years ago we discovered that the country's requirements for hou-

sing would be around 400,000 units per year. "There was no way that they could produce that amount of accommodation without skilled labour. so one of our directors decided to design a house which could tackle the problem. The whole thing was undertaken with Nigeria in mind, but it can be used perfectly well in other countries."

The house -- made from glass reinforced plastic -- comprises separate sheets of plastic which have tie rods running through the panels.

The kit includes plumbing fittings, such as pipes, shower unit, toilet-ware and electrical fit-

"The panels", says Mr. Peacock, "measure eight feet by four feet and the walls comprise two skins, with a rigid cavity foam filling in between.

"It will not be affected in temperatures up to 80 degrees C and it is thermally insulated. Not only that, but the main shell has been designed to withstand gales of over 100 mph.

Customers can order kits with up to six bedrooms, and a lounge, kitchen, toilet and shower room, are incorporated.

"The beauty of the product," adds Mr. Peacock, "is that it can be adapted to whatever size you wish, simply by adding more panels. The owner can buy a kit with any colour he wishes for both interior and exterior walls -- and the weathering properties are very good.

"The paintwork should last a long time and the panels can be repaired simply by placing a new sheet over a crack or hole and bonding it on.

"Up until now modular houses have been built either by hand or by a semi-automatic process. What is new is that our machines reduce the thickness of the walls by half thereby cutting the cost proportionally, so we break into the lower end of the market.

Launched in December at an international building exhibition in Birmingham. England, the house has attracted a lot of attention worldwide.

"Our two salesmen in Nigeria," says Mr. Peacock, "are quite confident of coming to us soon with orders worth £900,000 -- and people from Kenva, Mexico, and South Korea have been to see the showhouse. We have also had very strong inquiries from Equatorial Guinea and Ven-

The product took three years to develop during which time the company encountered a few problems not normally associated with designing for the European market.

The company hope to produce 500 units per year initially, eventually building up to 1500. Even the manufacturing process will be flexible.

"We can either produce the kits here and export them directly," says Mr. Peacock, "or sell off a plant to a particular country and they can manufacture the houses themselves. Either way, it has to be a bonus for people who need a lot of houses quickly -- and cheaply."

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the huying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and hullion markets Tuesday.

One sterling One U.S. dollar

r E

1.7760/70 1.2236/39 2.3760/70 2.6385/6415 1.9638/48 44.800/815

6.1990/2010 1312.30/80 238.75/90 5.8740/60 6.0555/75

Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire

8.0650/70 One ounce of gold 350.00/50 U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks

Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) — The market was generally firm, encouraged by the resilience of sterling despite the Falklands crisis, dealers said

Although overall volume remained light, price rises were supported to some extent by small institutional demand, they added. The F.T. index at 1500 was up 5.1 to 573.1, above its level before the Falklands dispute.

Among the leaders, GKN, Hawker Siddeley, ICI, Marks, Tubes and Plessey were 4p to 6p higher. North American issues were also mostly higher but gold shares eased with the hullion

Banks were mixed, with Lloyds recovering 2p of recent losses to 408. Oils met profittaking, Lasmo dipping 12p to 347 and B.P., Shell and Ultramar losing between 4p and 6p. Properties, weak on press comment Monday, were steadier, Land Securities adding 3p Tarmac ended 32p higher at 524 after better than expected

1981 results and a one for one capitalisation. Tozer Kemsley fell 6p to 70 after 78 and Laing fell 1p to 80p. also after results. Government-bonds ended below the highs, but still up 1/4 or 1/4 point after another quiet session.

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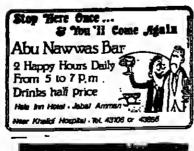






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SPORTS

Santana names last player for Brazil's World Cup squad

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) -Brazilian soccer manager Tele Santana Monday chose midfielder Falcao, who plays for Roma in Italy, as the 22nd and last player in his World Cup squad.

A spokesman for the Brazilian Football Federation (CBF) announced Falcao's selection and said he still had to play some matches for Roma before travelling to Brazil to join the test of the

Earlier Monday the CBF named six other players drafted into the squad-Zico, Junior and Leandro of Flamengo, Paulo Isid-oro and Batista of Gremio and Dirceu, who has been playing for Atletico Madrid in Spain.

Falcao's selection to complete the squad had been widely

In the World Cup finals in Spain, Brazil play in Group Six with Scotland, the Soviet Union and New Zealand.

The Brazilian squad is: Goalkeepers — Valdir Peres (Sao Paulo), Paulo Sergio (Bota-Fogo), Carlos (Ponte Preta). Defenders -- Edevaldo (Inter-

nacional), Edioho (Fluminense). Oscar (Sao Paulo), Juninbo (Ponte Preta), Luizinho (Atletico Mineiro), Pedrinho (Vasco da Gama), Junior (Flamengo), Leandro (Flamengo). Midfield -- Toninho Cerezo

(Atletico Mineiro), Renato (Sao Paulo). Socrates (Corinthians). Dirceu (Atletico Madrid), Zico (Flamengo), Paulo Isidoro (Gremio), Batista (Gremio), Falcao

Forwards -- Serginho (Sao Paulo), Eder (Atletico Mineiro), Careca (Guarani).

Scotland, N.Ireland field understrength teams in British Championship match

BELFAST (R) — World Cup finalists Scotland and Northern Ireland will both field teams lacking key players in Wednesday's British Soccer Champtonship

Scottish manager Jock Stein said he had decided to let regular goalkeeper Alan Rough "sit this one out", and be has released defender Frank Gray to play for

his relegation-threatened cluh Leeds United and will also be without two of the driving forces in his side, Graeme Souness and Gordon Strachan.

Northern Ireland have been beset by a series of injuries and withdrawals and skipper Martin O'Neill, though he would not agree that their squad was weak, admitted that it was untried.

Hidalgo opts for strength, skill as France clashes with Peru

PARIS (R) - French manager Michel Hidalgo bas opted for strength and skill in midfield for the World Cup warm-up clash with Peru at the Parc des Princes Wednesday night.

Skipper Michel Platmi, reckoned by many to be the inspiration that has taken France into the finals of the World Cup in Spain, will be partnered by Jean-Francois Larios and Bernard Genghini. The trio are considered the best midfield players in French soccer.

Larios, who has 12 caps, is a powerful, strong runner known to his team-mates as marathon man. His hall control and proven ability to score goals will play a large part in French tactics.

Hidalgo, who named his side Tuesday, is once again relying on

Platini's uncanny ability to read the game. The French squad are riding high following a successful run up to

the World Cup. They chalked up a 2-0 victory over Italy in February and last month beat Northern Ireland 4-0. Peru, who drew 1-1 with World Cup outsiders Algeria on Sunday.

rely oo the same side. They are not playing their star, midfield strategist Teofilo Cubillas. preferring for this match to use the solid, workmanlike skills of veteran Jose Velasquez, who scored Peru's only goal against Algeria.

He added hopefully: "But it could give Stein a headache. I'm sure be would prefer to play against our strongest side--it could be hard going against our

unknowns.' Both managers were leaving the announcement of their teams until early Wednesday, but Stein said he had decided to introduce newcomer Arthur Alhiston of Manchester United at full back in the

spot vacated by Gray.

Commenting on his decision to rest Rough, Stein said: "It would be disastrous to go to the World Cup finals without knowing the alternative to Rough, and there is no substitute for experience."

Scotland can field only one recognised full back besides Albiston, skipper Danny McGrain, hut vice-captain Asa Hartford is available in midfield after being out with an injury.

Northern Ireland manager Billy Bingham was forced to select some part-timers from the Irisb League because of the absence of regulars who are with English

The Irish were convincingly defeated in their last two internationals, against England and France, and Bingham admitted that defeat at bome by Scotland would damage morale severely.

Lendl challenges McEnroe for No. 1 spot

DALLAS (R) - Czechoslovak Ivan Lendl, star of the men's tennis circuit for the last eight months, has staked a strong claim to be ranked the world's best player by beating John McEnroe for the fourth conecutive time.

McEnroe, currently number one in the Association of Tennis Professionals (ATP) computer rankings, was beaten 6-2, 3-6. i-3, 6-3 in the World Championship Tennis (WCT) final by 22-year-old Lendl Manday

It was Lendl's 77th win in 79 matches since the U.S. Open last September and earned him \$150,000, the richest first prize offered in tournament play.

McEnroe, who has been suffering from an injury to his left ankle and had it heavily strapped during the match, had

"Ivan just played too well," be said. "Sure I'd rather have played him when I was absolutely 100 per cent, but I didn't lose because my ankle let me

"He hits the ball so hard that he's always going to be dif-

Yugoslav manager names 17 for Spain

BELGRADE (R) — Yugoslav soccer manager Miljan Miljanic Tuesday named 17 players in his World Cup squad, leaving the remaining places to be filled after internationals against Romania and Bulgaria in early May.

The 17-strong squad is: Goalkeeper - Dragan Pantelic. Defenders - Velimir Zajec, Zlatko Krmpotic, Zoran Vujovic,

Nenad Stojkovic, Nikola Jovanovic, Milos Hrstic, Ivan Gudelj, Ivo Jerolimov. Midfield - Vladimir Petrovic.

Edhem Sljivo, Ivica Surjak. Forwards - Alatko Vujovic. Milos Sestic, Vahid Halilhodzic, Safet Susic, Predrag Pasic.

England's lineup for World Cup: Adequate players but not enough international quality

LONDON (A.P.) - England will play this year in the World Cup finals for the first time since 1970. but that has not stopped widespread media criticism of team manager Ron Greeowood.

England just edged out Romania to qualify after a series of surprise results in its European group, and Greenwood was hlamed for unadventurous selection.

Hungary eventually topped the group and England clinched a place in Spain despite losing to such relatively minor teams as Norway and Switzerland.

After four years in charge Mr. Greenwood has yet to settle on a first-choice lineup. He has too many adequate players and not enough of true international qua-

England's record since winning the World Cup in 1966 is uni-

mpressive. Qualification for the 1970 World Cup was a formality. England automatically played as defending champion, failing to make in past the second phase. But in both 1974 and 1978 the team failed to qualify for the finals.

There is widespread pessimism about the current team's chances in Spain, even though England has been drawn in a fairly undemanding opening round group aloog with France, Kuwait and Czechoslovakia.

Greenwood's apparent insistence on playing veterans like Mick Mills and Dave Watson has angered critics, but a fine win against Northern Ireland in March has, temporarily at least, lessened the pressure on the England man-

Greenwood, 60, former manager of West Ham United, experimented in that match and the team responded with an enterprising 4-0 victory.

The most outstanding feature of the game was the performance of Manchester United midfielder Ray Wilkins as a continental style sweeper.

Greenwood feels it might be necessary to play a sweeper in some World Cup games. Wilkins took to the role very quickly.

We won't be using the tactic all the time." Greenwood said, "hut it is another option we have added to our repertoire." Brighton ceoterback Steve Fos-

ter and West Bromwich Albion

striker Cyrille Regis both made

their international debuts against Northern Ireland and performed noressively, while Tottenham's precocious midfield star Gleon Hoddle was given another chance to influence the oational team to the same extent be inspires bis Hoddle, darling of the English media, seems to be the most nat-

urally gifted England player. But a series of disappointing intemational performances and a tendency to drift out of a game wheo things are going badly, make him very much a fringe choice. Some in Greenwood's legion of critics would like to see the Eng-

land team built around Hoddle's long passsing game, but the manager -- despite being an advocate of attacking soccer -- has shown a reluctance to gamble on Hoddle's Greenwood instead has built his

team around solid, dependable but essentially uninspiring players like defenders Mills, Watson and Phil Neal, and vastly experienced men like Trevor Brooking. Steve Coppell and captain Kevin Kee-



This profile is one of a series of feature stories on soccer teams that will play in the World Cup in Spain June 11-July 13. England will play in group four along with France, Kuwait and Czechoslovakia.

gan further forward.

Keegan, two-time European Player of the Year, remains a striker of the highest quality and this season has shown outstanding form for his club Southampton. But there is a feeling that England needs new blood to compete effectively in Spain.

The introduction of the exciting Regis and Aston Villa winger tony Morley and Greenwood's choice of full hacks Viv Anderson and Kenny Sansom against Nortbern Ireland suggests Greenwood is prepard to give youth a chance.

The manager himself gives very

little away, hut does concede he would like to see a more exciting approach.

I would like to see a lot more adventure from individuals." he said, "Players on the hall must be prepared to run at people the way we saw Diego Maradona (of Argentina) expressing himself against us at Wembley.

We don't have enough people who are prepared or encouraged to do it at the present time."

One of Greenwood's major World Cup selection problems concerns the goalkeeping role. Ray Clemence of Tottenham and Peter Shilton of Nottingham Forest have rotated since Greeowood took over as manager in 1978 but such a system would be unthinkable in Spain.

At full back Greenwood can choose between veterans Mills and Neal or the more enterprising combination of Anderson and Sansom, while West Bromwich

pair Brendan Batson and Derek Statham also are in contention.

Centerhalf Watson, now, 36. lost his first team spot with Southampton earlier this season, but has been in fine form since being traded to Stoke. Foster, strong in the air but lacking in pace, West Ham's Alvin Martin, who is easily turned, and Liverpool's Phil Thompson are the other candidates for central defensive roles.

Eogland's midfield shows more promise. Wilkins and his club mate Bryan Robson hoth are intelligeot playmakers and likely starters, while the third spot probably will be contested by Hoddle, the clever but slowing Trevor Brooking and hard-working Teny McDermott of Liverpool, who has been a prolific goalscorer at club level this season.

Morley, Coppel and Lauric Cunningham of Real Madrid are the conteoders for a place on the wing. Keegan and Manchester-City's speedy but injury-prone Trevor Francis are the two outstanding strikers, but do not link well together.

. That leaves Greenwood with a real problem. But with the bustling Regis, Cologne's Tony Woodcock and Aston Villa's Peter Withe all challenging for a place,

he has plenty of alternatives.

Viv Anderson... enterprising Austria seeking to halt Czechoslovakia's 19 years run

seeking their first victory over fellow-World Cup finalists Czechoslovakia for 19 years in the soccer friendly bere Wednesday

Both teams are expected to use the match to try out players, Czechoslovak Manager Jozef Venglos having little choice in the matter with a number of his men injured.

Midfielder Jan Kozak was hurt in a League match on Sunday and among other absentees will be Zdenek Neboda, Marian Masny and Ladislav Vizek. Nehoda was not picked for the match but Masny and Vizek were in the original selection.

Premyslk Bicovsky, who was to have rested, will replace Kozak in

Steve Coppell... strong contender VIENNA (R) - Austria will be midfield next to Vienna-based Antonin Panenka. Zdenek Valek,

> come in for the other three. Austria, playing at bome for the first time under new manager

Tomas Kriz and Josef Danek Georg Schmidt, may also use squad.

reserve players such as goalkeeper Klaus Lindenberger, defenders Berndt Kraus and Johano Pregesbauer, midfielder Anton Pichler and striker Max Hagmayr, who are all included in the match

Date set for world all-star match for benefit of UNICEF

NEW YORK (R) - The 1982 world all-star soccer match for the benefit of UNICEF, the United Nations Children's Fund, will be played on August 7 at East Rutherford, New Jersey, the organisers

A new format for the match was announced by Dr. Joso Havelange President of the International Football Federation (FIFA), in a message read to a press conference here Monday night.

A team of European all-stars will meet a side representing the rest of the world, he said. Sixteen players will be chosen for each squad. In the two previous matches, a team of players drawn from all over the world played club teams -- Borussia Dortmund of West Germany in 1979 and FC Barcelona of Spain in 1980.

Dr. Havelange said that FIFA would name the selected players in July, during the last week of the World Cup finals in Spain. Gene Edwards, President of the U.S. Soccer Federation, said that Pele of Brazil and Franz Beckenbauer of West Germany would be the honorary captains of the rest of the world and Europe respectively, in recognition of their contributions to soccer.

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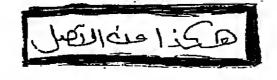
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A year after killer oil caused 275 deaths in Spain

Doctors face difficulty in coping with massive cancer wave

By Ethan Bronner

MADRID — A year after toxic cooking oil caused the first of 275 deaths in Spain, health authorities face the agonising possibility of coping with a massive cancer wave, doctors here say.

Preliminary laboratory evidence suggests the oil causes chromosome damage in both bacteria and rats. Infants born to women who had consumed the oil during pregnancy show signs of retarded growth, signalling probable genetic damage.

Such disruption of genetic coding is considered the basis of the uncontrolled development of malignant tumours.

Even with such evidence in its preliminary stages - scientists repeat experiments many times and under a variety of conditions before drawing definitive conclusions - the danger of cancer in toxic oil patients is widely recognised by health professionals and researchers.

Half a dozen senior doctors contacted by Reuters said cancer was the likeliest result of the major disruption caused by the oil to the

Dr. Victor Conde, Spain's director of public health planning, said in an interview that the evidence of genetic mutation in the 18,000 Spaniards known to have been poisoned by the adulterated oil was still scant.

But in response to a question he said cancer was "a major concern in our follow-up of these patients." He said the ministry had already set aside four million dollars to spend on monitoring the patients over the next 10 years.

Other doctors have been more cateogorical in their assertions. One, a member of the ministry's clinical committee which has been following 2,000 patients since last October, said cancer among the worst-affected seemed inevitable. Another called the develop-

Both insisted their names not be used, given the sensitivity of the topic in Spain.

ment of tumours an obvious con-

The oil which has caused this nightmare has been off the market for nine or 10 months. It was sold illegally in unmarked plastic containers door-to-door and at outdoor markets.

The poison has still not been

identified. But it is widely believed that the oil, which had been dyed with aniline to mark it for industrial use and then "refined" by its importers to sell as edible oil, set off a self-destructive process in the

Researchers say the poison was probably broken down immediately upon ingestion, making its identification extremely difficult.

The body reacted to the poison, it appears, by producing highly reactive compounds known as free radicals that tore away at cell membranes. Cells reacted by huilding scar tissue which, in the worst affected patients, blocked major organs.

Most impaired were the nerves and muscles. Some patients suffered total paralysis. Other common symptoms were major weight loss, high fever and weakness.

Minor ailments such as a common cold proved fatal to some. Many patients have returned to

work and a relatively normal life. But, as one doctor put it: "Many have left hospital but no one has

The bodies of many are riddled with lesions and scar tissue and their ability to survive ailments in the future is in doubt.

At least one doctor expressed optimism. Dr. Angel Pestana, who co-ordinates toxic oil research for the country's senior research council, said he thought it possible that some of the lesions would reverse themselves and those patients would return to normal

Dr. Antonio Noriega, director of one of Madrid's major hospitals and an active investigator of the toxic oil syndrome, said many of the worst patients were surviving far better than he would have pre-

He said the dozen people under

intensive care in his hospital had been there for three months. "To be honest," he said, "in Fehurary I would have told you they had a few weeks to live. But they keep hanging on."

He added that the death rate had fallen off dramatically in the past few months and that the issue now was long-term effects. He was highly pessimistic about how many patients would be able to avoid cancer.

Dr. Noriega has organised a small meeting of international experts in free radicals for early June. He hopes their combined efforts will hring doctors here closer to an understanding of this unprecedented condition.

"The anomalies we find in these patients are so great as to be unbelievable," he said, "These people were submitted to an extraordinary aggression last May and the disruption to their physiology makes one immediately think of

One of the puzzling symptoms found in many patients is a hard, shiny skin very much like that in a condition known as scleroderma. Scleroderma is of unknown origin and assumed to be gener-

The cost to Spain of the toxic oil scandal is immeasurable. It caused a drop in sales of even the purest of Spanish oil and all hut ruined the country's canning industry when suspicions - never substained - arose that the poisoned oil bad found its way into tinned

The bealth ministry estimates health care has already cost about \$50 million.

Despite plans to monitor the patients for the next decade, one doctor, when asked what could be done for them, responded: "Sit down and cry.'



Most foreign visitors to West Berlin come from USA

Berlin (DaD) - One visitor in five who checks in at a hotel in West Berlin is a foreigner, and last year, as for many years past, visitors from the USA headed the list, followed by British and Dutch, But while the number of U.S. tourists was down slightly, the Dutch were up 25 per cent. Between them Americans, British and Dutch made up a third of foreign visitors to the city. Hotel registers totailed 1.3m guests and 3.5m bednights in 1981, or 40,000 more than in 1980. The number of visitors who stay with friends or relations is estimated at 3.9m a year.

Central Opera of Peking sings 'Carmen' in Chinese

By Patricia Brett

Chinese audiences have just made acquaintance with Western opera. This success markes the beginning of an artistic cooperation between Parisand Peking, "Carmen", the opera hy Georges Bizet, was given the honour of initiating the Celestial Empire to this musical genre. Since Jan. 1, when the curtain went up for the first time on "Carmen", sung in Chinese hy the Central Opera of Peking, 16,000 people have watched the performances.

For the first night, all the spectators were very carefully selected, mainly from the artistic and literary circles. According to Rene Terrasson, who directed the production, the Chinese authorities had been afraid that this unknown art would not be appreciated by the

The authorities' first reactions, in fact, were to hrand the work as 'improper and subversive". Apparently, the tumultuous love affairs of the gipsy, her provocative attitudes, as well as ber encouragement to Don Jose to desert (a piece of advice he accepts in the end), were

cause for consternation. Some critics said "Carmen" was "too during and hardly in keeping with the Chinese mentality", it should be made clear that free love is not accepted in People's China. Contraceptives are distributed only on presentation of a marriage certificate and young people cannot wed before the age of 25. In addition, newspapers are at present conducting a dehate on how to deal with love in literature and in the theatre. Seen from this viewpoint, it is easy to understand why "Carmen", a drama of passion and jealousy, arouses, for the leaders of China today, the same kind of emotions which were encountered by the first performances of the opera in France in 1875.

before the performances could be given in public. From then on: the success of "Carmen" was assured. Cultural exchanges between France and China will now continue and develop. The French opera team has apparantly received a firm invitation to come back to China again. And the French technicians who had to record the opera in order to make a record of it have been given persmission to take away their magnetic tapes.

JUMBILE THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME by Henri Arnold and Bob Lee one letter to each squara, to form four ordinary words. MILOB DAAMM BUHSIL WHERE IT COULD BE SAID AT A BANQUET. PIMAGE Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as sug-gested by the above cartoon. Print answer here: THE Jumbles: PHONY RUMMY AUTUMN FALLEN Answer: On which he placed money of a cartain amount—A MOUNT



Peanuts



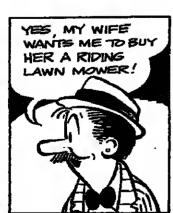






Mutt 'n' Jeff









Andy Capp







FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, APR. 28, 1982

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righler Institute

GENERAL TENDENCIES: The daytime is not good for being blunt or outspoken, so try to use tact and diplomacy with others. Not good for starting new ventures or making any changes.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Although you may want to make new contacts and see new places, this is not the right day to do so. Use reason. TAURUS | Apr. 20 to May 20) Don't try to renege where

any promises you have made ere concerned or you would later regret it. Maintain poise. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Do your utmost to be of

assistance to your associates, even if it means giving up personal activities. Be wise. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 2f) You can get much accomplished by attending to duties early in the

day and reap in the henefits. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Show individuals you like that you are devoted to them, but don't permit some conniving person to impose on your good nature.

VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Use good sense and you can have more accord at home with family members. Find an outlet that brings in added income.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Use care in motion and in conversations todey end save yourself much trouble that might otherwise ensue. Be alert. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 2f) Make plans to save more

money and build a reserve for a possible rainy day. Take time to improve your appearance. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Take extra care

you don't make any costly errors through carelessness today. Plan wisely for the future. CAPRICORN | Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) There could be delays

in handling regular routines early in the day, but he pa-

tient, conditions will improve later. AQUARIUS IJan. 21 to Feb. 191 Avoid any arguments with good friends today and you save yourself from poten-

tinl trouble. Strive for happiness. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Use tact in dealing with others today, especially at home with family members.

Safeguard your reputation. IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY ... he or she will he one of those delightful young persons who should be taught early in life not to he blunt with others and to think in a more kindly fashion. When lessons are learned this will be a successful chart.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

1982, McNaught Syndicate, Inc.

But, this time, only a few minor modifications were necessary

THE Daily Crossword By John H. Hales

50 Synthetic

53 Wine cask

Gluck

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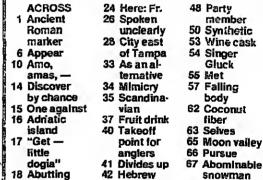
69 Chances

70 Cupid

71 Rental

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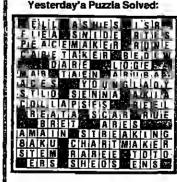
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19 Insect

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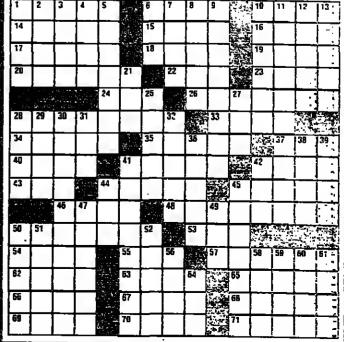
42 Bow

45 Lear's

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32 Was overly

sula native



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MORLE

Drunken Korean policeman Gen. Eanes to meet EEC chief today kills 55 on shooting spree

SEOUL (R) — A druoken policeman killed at least 55 people after quarrelling with his mistress and then ended bis eight-hour rampage by blowing himself to pieces with hand grenades. authorities said Tuesday.

His mistress, who was among the 37 people reported by police to have been wounded, said the quarrel erupted wben she woke her lover while trying to brush a fly

The policeman, Woo Bom-Kon, roamed the surrounding countryside, firing rifles and throwing hand grenades at vil-lagers before killing himself in a

The events in the southern province of Kyongsang-Namdo prompted South Korea's interior minister and the national police

chief to offer their resignations although they did not actually quit Police said Woo stole two rifles from the police station and later

broke into a reserve army depot to take six hand grenades. They said Woo, an ex-marine, fired wildly at anything that

moved, and even made doorto-door calls, killing anyone who answered his knock. In another village, he killed 18

Gunman kill 1 policeman, hurt another in Barcelona

BARCELONA (R) — Two gun-men killed a Spanish policeman and seriously wounded another in Barcelona Monday night, police sources said Tuesday.

They said two women accompanying the gunmen grabbed the pistols of the policemen when they fell, an indication that the guerrillas badly needed arms.

The sources said the gunmen belonged to the shadowy GRAPO, (October First antifascist resistance groups), which had not staged any attack in nearly

Several of its alleged leaders were killed in gun battles with security forces last year, and police believe the group has been reduced to a handful of guerrillas.

Anti-terrorist talks

MADRID (R) - A committee representing 23 centrist and conservative parties from Western Europe called Tuesday for sanctions against any country which supported terrorism.

The terrorism committee of the European Democratic Union (EDU), meeting in Madrid, said diplomatic and economic sanctions should be imposed in a concerted manner when there was sufficient proof that a country has supported a terrorist act.

Juan Carlos cleared of alleged role in Feb. coup

MADRID (R) - Spain's protracted coup trial entered its final stage Tuesday and the prosecutor said defence claims that King Juan Carlos supported the rebellion had not been proven.

Defence lawyers bave repeatedly tried to implicate the king during the two-month old court martial of 32 officers and one civilian facing up to 30 years in prison in connection with last year's attempted coup.

The prosecutor, beginning his summing up as the trial resumed after a week-long recess, said that while several defendants claimed they believed they were acting on. the king's orders, none ever checked with the royal palace.

They ignored the monarch's orders to end the rebellion on Feb. 1981, the prosecutor, Gen. Jose Manuel Claver, added.

The prosecutor said he regarded as sufficiently proven that the main defendants had plotted to overthrow Spain's democratic government.

He said the highest-ranking defendant, Lt.-Gen, Jaime Milans del Bosch, had prepared the takeover of parliament several

the rebel guardsmen. Maj-Gen. Alfonso Armada Comyn, then deputy head of the army, jumped on the bandwaron more than a month hefore the attempt, be said. Gen. Armada has denied advance knowledge of

The prosecutor has requested 30-year prison sentences against the three men and a 20-year sentence against Maj-Geo. Luis Torres Rojas who, be said Tuesday, plotted to commandeer a strategic armoured division to occupy Madrid.

The prosecutor is expected to make his final requests for sentences later this week. Defence lawyers will then debver their summing up. Government officials expect the sentences to he handed down late next month or

months in advance with Lt.-Col. Antonio Tejero Molina who led

early in June.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN

Neither vulnerable. South deals. NORTH

↑754 C 107 ♦ J752 **♣ Q** 1062 EAST WEST + QJ 108 TAJ98 ₹542

♦ A 10g 0 9643 **+**8743 **4** J95 SOUTH + AK632 ♥ K Q 63 ¢ K Q

4 A K The bidding: South West North East Pass 2 0 Pass Pass 3 + Pass Pass Pass Pass Opening lead: Nine of 4.

So much has been written about ducking and holding up, that many players feel it is a "crime" to win a trick early in the play. That can be a daogerous philosophy, as

East learned to his cost. Nurth-South were using weak two bids, so two clubs was Snuth's nnly strong, forcing upening hid. After Nurth's two diamond response, which was negative, the rest of the auction was natural. We tend to quibble a little with Nurth's raise to three spades even though he held three trumps and a ruffing value in hearts:

we would have preferred a secnnd discouraging response before raising

West did not find the lead of any side suit attractive, so he opted for his singleton trump-normally a poor chnice. East played the ten and declarer wnn. The king of hearts lost to the ace and West, fearful of breaking a minnr suit, continued with the jack of hearts.

Declarer won the queen cashed the ace-king of clubs and entered dummy with a heart ruff. The queen of clubs was led, and when the jack dropped, declarer discarded the king of diamonds, concealing the queen. Next came the ten of clubs. East, who had read sumething somewhere about trump control (could it have been in this column?), saw no reason to ruff with a winning trump ("Why waste it?"), and declarer sluffed his remaining diamond honor.

The rest was easy. A diamond ruff enabled declarer to get to his band to lead his last heart and ruff in dummy. East could overruff or not as he pleased—the defenders could get no mure than the

ace of hearts and two trumps. Had East realized that it could nut cost to ruff the fnurth club, declarer would have been defeated. Declarer can still discard his diamund as East ruffs, but East can now switch to a trump, extracting dummy's last fang. Declarer would then be unable to ruff his last beart. and would be down one.

At a third village, Woo killed 24, including all three members of one family, police said.

In Seoul, a special cabinet committee, chaired by Prime Minister Yoo Chang-Soon, was formed to investigate the killings. Authorities ordered four

policemen at Woo's station to be

arrested for neglect of duty.

Antwerp explosion kills 1

ANTWERP, Belgium (R) - A barge used for transporting oil exploded Tuesday in a shipyard near Antwerp, killing one man and seriously wounding four, police said. They said the men were beginning repair work on the Belgian vessel when the blast ripped through it. A further four people were slightly injured.

BRUSSELS (R) — Portuguese intended to give a decisive boost President Antonio Ramalho to Portugal's five-year-old quest canes arrived in Belgium Tuesday for a four-day visit amid signs that the 1984 target date for his country's entry into the European Economic Community (EEC) might be achieved.

His visit, during which he will hold talks with EEC Commission President Gaston Thorn. is

Vietnamese aide raps China at Indian banquet

NEW DELHI (R) — Vietnamese Foreign Minister Nguyen Co Thach bas accused China of aggravating a threat to peace and

stability in Southeast Asia. Mr. Thach, speaking at a dinner in his honour in New Delhi Monday night, said China was pursuing a policy of expansionism and this was responsible for persisting tension in the region.

The Vietnamese minister, who arrived here last Saturday for a six-day official visit, said that Vietnam. Laos and Kampucbea wanted to live in peace.

Reagan's assailant goes

of John Hinckley, the college dropout and drifter who is accused of trying to assassinate President Reagan, began Tuesday in a crowded courtroom amid tight

Chief Prosecutor Roger Adelman listed President Reagan among government witnesses although it was not certain he would appear in person. Teenage actress Jodie Foster.

who played the part of a young prostitute in the film Taxi Driver, has already given the court a deposition on videotape. Hinckley has conceded he fired

on March 20 last year a .22-calibre pistol which seriously wounded Mr. Reagan and three other men outside a hotel here. But he bas pleaded not guilty on grounds of insanity to the charges of attempted murder and assault.

Gregory Craig, a defence lawyer, said Monday that no one disputes that Hinckley was suf-

Chinese domestic airliner crashes

PEKING (R) — A Trident air-craft of the Chinese national airline CAAC crashed Monday on a domestic flight from the southern city of Canton to the popular resort of Guilin, a Chinese official

There was no immediate indication of the number of casualties or whether there were any survivors.

The official, contacted by telephone at Canton airport, said the crasb was being investigated.

Guilin is one of China's main boliday centres for foreign tourists, many of whom fly in via Can-

Asked whether any foreigners were on hoard the flight, the official replied: "It's not yet clear.

Please call back tomorrow." The last known air crash in China also involved a Britisb-built Trident airliner, which ploughed into a factory outside Peking on March 14, 1979, shortly after taking off from an airport in the Western suburbs.

China never disclosed how many people died in that accident but said merely that 44 people were killed or injured.

WASHINGTON (R) - The trial fering a serious psychological problem at the time of the shoot-

Since the shooting Hinckley. son of a wealthy oil company executive, has tried twice to com-

Mr. Reagan, who was shot in the chest, has fully recovered, as and is recuperating at home.

have a secret service agent and a Washington policeman who were also by bullets as the president was leaving a hotel.

for EEC membership. Portuguese

Negotiations have now reached

a crucial stage, according to EEC

commission officials, and must be

completed by the end of this year

to allow time for ratification if

Portugal is to join the 10-member

negotiations has been respected.

The signs are encouraging and we

Gen. Eanes was met at the air-

port by King Baudouin and Queen Fabiola of Belgium and was

scheduled to spend the rest of the

day in official engagements with

them before getting down to polit-

His meeting Wednesday with Mr. Thorn will be followed by

talks with Belgian Foreign Minis-

ical business Wednesday.

on trial

'Up to now the schedule of

community on Jan. 1, 1984.

officials here said.

the year.

White House Press Secretary James Brady, who was the most seriously wounded during the shooting, is still partially paralysed

China to reintroduce old post of state president

PEKING (R) — China Tuesday night announced details of its new draft constitution, saying that the proposed new head of state would be eligible for a maximum of two five-year terms.

A statement carried by state radio and the New China News Agency indicated however that the state chairman would not necessarily control the armed

It added that the people's communes created by former Communist Party chairman Mao I setting would no longer exercise political power but would merely he an economic organisation under collective ownership.

The statement said: "China will reinstate the post of state chairman to represent it in domestic affairs and relations with foreign countries. The post of vicechairman, who assists the chairman, will also be reinstated."

The post of state president was last beld by Liu Shaoqi, who lost out in a political struggle with

Chairman Mao and was forced from office in 1968. He died in prison the following year.
In Mr. Liu's time, the state pres-

ident was commander-in-chief of the armed forces hut first reports of the new draft constitution did not make clear whether his successor would head the newlyestablished central military coun-"The chairman (of the council)

to be elected and removed by the National People's Congress (parliament), and is responsible to the NPC or to its standing comthe official statement It said this clause differed from

the Maoist 1975 and 1978 constitutions, which stipulated that the chairman of the Communist Party's central committee commanded the country's armed forces. But the text did not make clear

whether the supreme military commander would be the titular head of state or another nominee

Curfew in Amritsar after police stop Sikh crowd

shots in the air to disperse an unruly crowd which burned down shops in the Sikb holy city of Amritsar in northern India Tuesday, the Press Trust of India (PTI) reported.

A curfew was imposed on part of the old walled city after shops were set on fire near the Sikhs' Golden Temple, PTI said.

Trouble broke out in the city Monday after clashes between Hindus and Sikh extremists when

NEW DELHI (R) - Police fired the severed heads of two cows were found outside two Hindu temples.

The Dal Khaisa Sikh group, which wants a separate state in northern India for the Sikhs. claimed responsibility for the cow slaughter in retaliation for the authorities failing to impose a ban on smoking and the sale of 10bacco near the Golden Temple.

Smoking is banned under the tenets of the Sikh religion and cows are sacred to Hindus.

tet Leo Tindemans, current pres-

ident of the EEC council of minis-

Mr. Tindemans told Portuguese Prime Minister Francisco Pinto Balsemao here last January that during its six-month presidency ending in June Belgium would make Spain and Portugal's bid for EEC membership a priority.

Since then, a one-year timetable involving the division of areas for negotiation into three packages has been drawn up, and talks on the first package were almost completed last February.

could still see Portugal in the community by 1984," a commission spokesman said. The one outstanding issue from this package is the question of Negotiations in five investment by foreign firms in Portugal following EEC entry. areas-monetary questions. aid for Portugal's poor regions. Portugal is seeking special measatomic policy, transport and capures enabling it to control such ital movements--bave already investment during a transitional been completed, and a strict timetable has been established for The issue was discussed again at completing the rest by the end of

an EEC ministerial meeting in Luxembourg Mooday, but differences were not resolved.

Portugal is seeking the right to veto any foreign investment above a level of \$170,000 for a five-year period, but the EEC has said the threshold should he \$4 million and tbe transitional period three years.

Gen. Eanes' visit, which follows one by Mr. Thorn to Lisbon earlier this month, is the first by a Portuguese president to EEC headquarters and the officials said it was timed to carry maximum political weight in the delicate talks that be ahead.

These include the dismantling of tariff barriers between the EEC and Portugal, which some EEC countries fear could bring a flood of cheap goods in sectors like tex-tiles which are hit by recession, the free movement of workers, and

Sirhan parole hearing opens

SOLEDAD, California (R) — A parole board hearing opened Monday on a petition to rescind the 1984 parole date for Sirhan Sirhan, the Palestinian immigrant convicted of killing Sen. Robert Kennedy in 1968.

Monday's schedule called for general opening statements by Raymond Brown, chairman of the California Board of Prison Terms. Los Angeles assistant district attorney (prosecutor) Thomas Trapp. and Sirban's lawyer, Luke

Mr. McKissack said Sirhan, who bas a perfect disciplinary record in prison and has won top grades in college correspondence courses, was not optimistic about his chance to win freedom.

Sirhan himself will have a chance to testify before the three-member panel of the community release hoard.

\$85 million military aid for Tunisia slated

WASHINGTON (Agencies) -Tunisia and the United States are expected to sign an \$85-million military sales credit agreement this week during the visit of Tunisian Prime Minister Mobammed Mzali to Washington.

The large increase in fiscal year 1982 Foreign Military Sales credits (FMS) for Tunisia, up from \$15 million in fiscal year 1981, is designed to counter Tunisia's heavily armed neighbour. Libva "The major trigger" for the

increase, according to a State Department official, "was the Gafsa incident of 1980 in which Libyan supporters... tried to stimulate a rebellion within Tunisia through an ontside sponsored or supported group." The official, briefing reporters

April 26 on Mr. Mzali's visit to Washington, said the U.S. Congress has been asked for another increase in foreign military sales credits for Tunisia -- to \$140 million--in fiscal year 1983.

Salvadorean right rejects Christian Democrat appeal

SAN-SALVADÖR (R) — Right-wing parties controlling El Salvador's new constituent assembly have moved quickly to endow it with authority over most of the government.

At one of the assembly's firstsessions they voted last night to give it power to issue legislation, write a constitution and appoint the president, vice president, supreme court and appeal judges.

In a move circumscribing the power of the president the assembly also gave itself authority to veto his appointment of ministers and vice ministers.

The centrist Christian Democrats, who lost to the combined rightist parties in elections last month, opposed the measures. They insisted the assembly's role should he limited to writing a constitution and appointing the president, vice president and bigh-

ranking judges. But the rightists, who control 36 of the 60 seats in the assembly, said it was the only democratically-elected body in El Salvador and should have the greatest authority.

The right-wing parties also rejected an appeal by the Christian Democrats to have the decisions ruled by consensus.

They argued that their combined majority in the assembly gave them the right to guide the direction of the body.

Christian Democratic leader Julio Rey Prendes said one of the measures adopted would effect tively block implementation of the planned second stage of agrarian reform designed to undercut support for leftist guerrillas.

Secretary of State Alexander Haig has said that the level of U.S. aid to El Salvador would be determined by adherence to the reform principles.

Fighting starts in the Paghman

NEW DELHI (R) — At least 35 Soviet and Afghan soldiers have been killed in a clash with antigovernment rebels in a strategic district north-west of Kabul, diplomatic sources said bere Tuesday.

The sources said a Soviet armoured contingent withdrew after occupying the rebel stron-ghold of Koja Musafer, a village near Paghman, following the fighting on April 19.

Other western sources reported significant military activity over the past two weeks around Paghman. 20 kilometres north-west of Kabul, after a winter lull.

Mrs. Gandhi accepts Reagan's invitation

By Granville Watts Reuter

NEW DELHI - A decision by Prime Minister Indira Gandhi to visit Washington for talks with President Reagan bas raised hopes here of a breakthrough in sagging Indo-American relations.

Moscow in June to take up a long-standing invitation from President Leonid Brezhnev. Analysts here said the visit to Moscow and Washington showed

Mrs. Gandhi said at the wee-

kend she would visit the United

States next July after going to

her interest in keeping a balance between the two superpowers. Mrs. Gandhi has consistently denied that India has a tilt towards the Soviet Union, India's main

arms supplier and a major trading

The Indian leader, during an official visit to Saudi Arabia, said in an interview with the Saudi newspaper Al-Riyadh that she was neither pro-Soviet, nor anti-U.S., but acted only in ber country's interest.

Mrs. Gandhi is going to Moscow after repeated requests following an invitation first made when President Brezhnev visited Delhi in Dec. 1980. By contrast Mrs. Gandhi acc-

epted almost immediately an invitation by President Reagan which arrived in New Delhi only a few Mrs. Gandhi met Mr. Reagan at

the Cancun North-South summit in Mexico last October, and the two leaders were reported to have got on well. The Indian Express newspaper said that both Washington and

Delhi saw the coming meeting of

the two leaders as a serious att-

empt to improve bilateral rel-

Neither side, bowever, was underplaying the differences that exist between the two countries. the paper said.

Mrs. Gandhi has not been in Washington as prime minister since 1971 when relations took a nose dive over what Indians saw as a pro-Pakistani bias by thenpresident Richard Nixon in the 1971 Indo-Pakistan War over Bangladesh.

discontinued from that time and Delhi turned to the Soviet Union for military support.

U.S. arms supplies to India were

Moscow has since been supplying the bulk of India's weapons, including up-to-date MiG-25 aircraft and modern arm-

The Indian government, however, has recently been diversifying its sources of arms and is purchasing the French Mirage 2000 combat aircraft and two West German submarines.

Among the issues Mrs. Gandhi is likely to take up with Mr. Reagan is the U.S. decision to provide Pakistan with sophisticated weapons like the F-16 fighter-

Mrs. Gandhi has rejected the U.S. viewpoint that h is merely strengthening Pakistan in view of the Soviet military presence on its borders in Afghanistan.

Border wars

She has said the U.S. arms are unlikely to count for much against the Soviet Union, but they did pose a threat to India, which has fought three wars with Pakistan since 1947.

One of the sore points hetween Washington and New Delhi is that Mrs. Gandhi has consistently avoided an outright condemnation of the Soviet military intervention in Afghanistan, calling instead for a negotiated political settlement.

The Americans were also displeased with New Delhi's recognition of the pro-Soviet Vietnamese-backed Heng Samrin government in Kampuchea.

From the Indian standpoint, a major irritant is the delay in contracted U.S. supplies of enriched uranium for India's Tarapur atomic plant because India refuses to sign the nuclear non-proliferation

India is also concerned at the stated U.S. intention to substantially reduce its contributions to the International Development Association (IDA).

This could burt India and other developing countries which get soft loans from the World Bank

As well as trying to mend its relations with Washington, India is engaged in moves to normalise ties with Peking.

MIDDLE **EAST NEWS** BRIEFS

353 Egyptian detainees released

CAIRO (R) — A batch of 353 Egyptian political and religions detainess were released Tuesday, the official Middle East News Agency reported. Interior Minis ter Hassan Abu Basha, in a statement issued by the agency, said those freed did not constitute any security risk. Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak has repeatedly said those who were proved not to have committed any offence harmful to the country's security should be released. Las September, the late President Anwar Sadat detained about 1,600 people after sectarian clashes in a Cairo suburb. Several groups of those detained have already been released on Mr.

U.S. proposes to sell more arms to Israel, Egypt

Mubarak's orders.

WASHINGTON (R) — The U.S. Defence Department told congress Monday it intended to sell additional arms to both Israel and Egypt. The announcement came a day after Israel handed over to Egypt the last occupied part of the Sinai Peninsula it occupied in 1967. The Pentagon said it would sell Israel 11 additional F-15 fighters worth \$510 million and Egypt 300 air-to-air Sidewinder missiles valued at \$34 million. The Sidewinder missiles are designed for use on the F-16 fighters the United States is supplying the Egyptian Air Force.

Moroccan premier arrives in Bahrain

BAHRAIN (R) — Moroccae Prime Minister Maati Bouabid arrived in Bahrain Tuesday from Kuwait, where he has been seek-ing Kuwaiti investment in development projects. Bahrain is the second leg of Mr. Boushid's Gulf tour, which will also take him to the Uoited Arab Emirates, Qatar and Oman. He told a news conference in Kuwait Monday night he had suggested the estabiment of a joint Kuwaiti-Moroccan investment bank and the financing of some development projects by Kuwait. Morocco would ease all restrictions in the way of Kuwaiti investment, he said. Mr. Bouabid said Kuwaiti and Moroccan officials would meet on May 20 to follow up discussions on ways to

Iraqi summer time to begin in May

strengthen bilateral ties.

BEIRUT (R) - Iraq will put the clock forward one hour from the beginning of May, the Iraqi News Agency (INA) said Monday. Iraqi summer time, four hours ahead of GMT, will be in force until Sept.

U.S. aide covers military aid to Ankara in talks

ANKARA (R) — Assistant U.S. Defence Secretary Richard Perk began talks Tuesday on military cooperation and arms supplies for Turkey, American officials said. The talks, scheduled to last until Wednesday, are the first held by a special U.S.-Turkish defence committee set up last December to speed implementation of cooperation agreements, including those covering U.S. arms supplies. The U.S. is keen to strengthen Turkey's defences on the southcastern flank of the NATO alliance. Mr. Perle is due to leave Turkey on Thursday.

Tehran continues anti-Kurdish drive

LONDON (R) — Iranian revolutionary guards backed by aircraft killed 20 Kurdish guerrillas in a fresh attack on the west ern town of Divandarreh Monday Iran's national news agency IRNA reported. IRNA said the guardsmen had cleared the town of the rebels after an armed encounter in which one of the guerrilla leaders of the powerful Kurdish Democratic Party (KDP) had also died. It said an attempt by Kurds to blow up a dam near the western town of Bukan had been foiled by government forces.